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Flue Sheets,
Sheet Iron.

Gold Closed in New York Last Evening at 143⅝.

CITY ITEMS.

No Chloroform or Ether in It.

Let none be persuaded to reject the Laughing Gas, or nitrous oxide, through the erroneous talk that it is composed partly of chloroform and ether, for I assure you of its entire safety to life and health. Call upon me, and investigate to your own satisfaction that which enters into its composition. I make this remark because there are persons daily asking the question, whether this thing I use is not mixed with, or the same as, chloroform and ether. I tell you no—it is as different from those articles as black is from white, and its influence is of equal difference. Having used this agent in my practice for the last two years, giving it in this time to persons of nearly every age, from a child of four years to persons of eighty, I believe it to be one of those blessings that none could have so wisely directed in the present want, except the chemist of the Universe. The reduction of the common elements to the high degree of usefulness as the one I use for the people to inhale, is beyond doubt unsurpassed in point of comfort for extracting of teeth without pain. I will give for reference A. D. Gilliland, New Brighton; J. H. Bailey, D. P. Corwin, J. Verner, President of the Citizens Passenger Railway; G. W. Patterson, J. B. Lyon, Dr. Duncan, Alexander Speer, G. Wilson, ex-Mayor; James Hopkins and Lazear, I. C. Pershing, D. D., President of the Pittsburgh Female College; Rev. S. Findley, Dr. Speer, A. Bradley, W. K. Nimick, S. McKee, of Oakland; Mr. Harbaugh, of Sewickley; Dr. J. Vankirk, of Elizabeth Place, C. Sill, Dentist, 240 Penn street.

Dissolution.

The firm of Hilliman Brothers is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The one-fourth interest of George W. Hillman in the Tennessee Rolling Mills, and all the business, debts and effects connected therewith, has been this day sold to Daniel Hillman, and the business will hereafter be conducted in the name and style of Hillman & Brother. All debts due by and to the late firm will be settled and received by the new. It is expected very soon to put the rolling mill again in operation. In consequence of the above change in the firm, the Tennessee Rolling Mill and the property, real and personal, thereto attached, will not be sold on the 20 of October next, as heretofore advertised. Daniel Hillman, G. W. Hillman, C. E. Hillman.
September 12, 1865.

Boarding School.

Parents, having daughters to educate, should not fail to make themselves acquainted with the location and advantages of the Beaver Female Seminary and Musical Institute. Address Rev. R. T. Taylor.

To Country Merchants.

Fall dry goods and notions—an incomparable stock, and at much less than Eastern prices. Barker & Co., 59 Market street. Full lines of prints and muslins.

Silks.

Black silks, plain and figured mdre antiques, all colors; corded silks, black and colored; figured chena, stripe, plaid and check, all colors. The largest stock, with the most extensive assortment, we have ever exhibited. Also, the cheapest goods—ranging from 81 to 87 per yard. Barker & Co., 59 Marketstreet.

Dress Goods for Ladies and Misses.

A most unusual variety, the prices ranging from 25 cents to 83 per yard, at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

Card to the Public.

PITTSBURGH, September 20, 1865.—The subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he leaves to-day for Boston, for the purpose of selecting an entirely new and choice stock of Chickering Pianos. The demand for the Chickering Piano has been so great, during the past few weeks, as to very nearly exhaust the assortment selected and received in August, which was the largest and most complete ever brought to the city. Due notice will be given of the arrival of this new lot, which may be expected in ten days. Chas. C. Mellor-81 Wood street, Sole Agent for Chickering's Pianos.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Is performing wonderful cures, and proving itself to be the greatest remedy ever discovered for removing that most obstinate of all complaints, dyspepsia. From what we know of it—cures that have been performed on some of our own citizens—we do not hesitate to say that no family should be without this valuable medicine. Wholesale and retail agent for Pittsburgh, Jos. Fleming, No. 81 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.

California Brandy.

Do not poison yourself with bad whisky, but procure the genuine article, of the vintage of 1858, at Fulton's, Nos. 67 and 69 Fifth street.

The Daily Commercial
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1865.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

THE BANKS AND THE GAMBLERS.

The Chicago *Republican* of Tuesday says: There was a decided and sharp reaction in the wheat market to-day. The "corner" which was so firmly maintained for two weeks has given way, and, as a consequence, prices of wheat have largely declined. The "short sellers" have had a perplexing time of it, and have lost heavily by their operations. If they will only profit by the lesson, they will hereafter do business in a legitimate way, and save themselves from heavy losses. We have no sympathy whatever with the speculator who sells that which he does not possess for forward delivery, expecting simply to take the chances on a decline or rise in market values. The main object the two operators had in view in bringing about the late successful "corner" was to wipe out all the petty gamblers on 'Change, and, to some extent, they succeeded in their purpose.

The *Tribune* of the same date has the following: We are informed that the bankers, having become alarmed at the derangement of business caused by the gambling spirit displayed on the Board of Trade, have resolved to make no advances to other than legitimate commission merchants. With regard to the recent "corner" in Wheat, it is proper to remark that it was managed by skilled artists. Never before was anything of the kind carried out so completely and so successfully; but it developed the evils of speculation to an extent such as any former time in the history of our market.

International Pacific Railroad.

We see by the New York papers that the Northern Pacific Railroad is just beginning to develop what we have always considered to be its greatest element of strength, viz; its international character, and is now commanding the attention of the capitalists of the United States and Great Britain. This road was chartered by the 38th Congress to connect Lake Superior with the waters of Puget Sound and the Columbia river, running upon a line north of the 46 degree of latitude, through the States of Wisconsin, Minnesota, the Territories of Dakota, Montana, Idaho and Washington. Congress has granted to aid in building this road nearly fifty millions of acres of land. The road will pass through and develop the richest agricultural and mineral portion of the American continent—a country capable of sustaining an hundred million of people. The trade of that vast country will be brought to our doors—the interests of peace and civilization will be advanced—the road will become a great International Highway, over which the trade of Europe and Asia will surely pass.

Lead Discovery in Missouri.

The St. Louis *Democrat* of the 19th says: Specimens of lead were on yesterday presented at the office of the Immigration Board, which for richness are hardly surpassed by any heretofore brought to the public notice. They were obtained in Franklin county, in this State, within a few miles of the railroad, by some gentlemen (Messrs. Harrington and Holmes) prospecting in that section. Two of the specimens are remarkably fine, being embodied in quartz rock; one is what is termed gravel ore, and the balance of various characteristics, of the peculiar geologic terms of which we are not advised. They were all found near the surface—one, indeed, has the roots of grass adhering to it. This is an entire new field for this ore, we believe. From the apparent richness of the mines, as indicated by these specimens, their proximity to one of our leading railroads, and the ease with which they may be operated, it is likely this discovery will receive the immediate attention it demands.

THE BISHOP AND HIS FLOCK.—Bishop Potter's pastoral letter, in which he remonstrated with the clergy of his diocese for exchanging with ministers of other denominations, is by no means forgotten, and the more liberal teachers of the church seem disposed to test its weight. On sunday evening Dr. Storrs, of the Brooklyn Pilgrim Church, occupied and preached from the pulpit of Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, while Henry Ward Beecher sat in the clergyman's pew, evidently enjoying as an humble disciple the irrepressible conflict. So we go.—*N. Y. Times.*

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

Gen. Howard on an Inspection Tour.

Gen. Pillow After a Pardon.

Freedmen's District of Washington.

Confiscated Lands in Mississippi.

Dismissed from the Service.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, September 20.

Gen. Howard, Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau, left here this morning on an

Inspection Tour

of freedmen's affairs in Virginia. He will be absent about ten days.

The rebel

Ex-General Gideon J. Pillow,

of Tennessee, is here seeking pardon. He filed an application several weeks ago.

The Freedmen's District of Washington,

Under charge of Colonel Ekin, has been enlarged by the addition of Alexandria, Fairfax and Louden counties.

Two Virginia and one South Carolina rebels were amnestied to-day.

The Reply of Governor Sharkey,

Of Mississippi, to a letter addressed to him by a gentleman of this city, who owns a large tract of land in that State, inquiring what would be the status of lands confiscated or sold for State taxes during the rebellion, and whether practical difficulties might not arise in consequence of such alienation, will be of interest to parties in the North who own property in that State. Governor Sharkey says there is no office now authorized to receive taxes on lands in Mississippi, nor will there be until the meeting of the legislature on the 16th of October, after which, I suppose, a new system of taxation will be adopted. I do not think that any lands have been confiscated during the rebellion; or, if they have, I should not regard any such act as changing title. It may be that some lands have been sold for taxes, but in such cases ample opportunity, I think, will be given for redemption. I will probably be well for owners to have an agent here to redeem their lands, in case they have been sold.

Dismissed.

Col. John M. Comparet, of the 2d Indiana infantry, has been dismissed the service for disobedience of orders. Francis Buchanan, convicted at the July, 1859, term of the United States District Court of Wisconsin, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment in the penitentiary, was pardoned by the President to-day.

New York Republican Convention.

Speech of Hon. Mr. Falger, Temporary Chairman.

SYRACUSE, September 20.—The Republican State Convention assembled here to-day. Chas. J. Falger, of Ontario, was chosen temporary chairman. Mr. Falger, before taking the chair, made a speech. He said in substance—Beyond thanking you for the honor conferred by putting me in this place, I shall detain you with but few remarks. The watchwords of the Union is not a party of words but of deeds, rather of ideas and deeds. Just returning from a four years mighty war, it brings back as the result of its loyalty, the full and integral re-proclamation of emancipation is a fixed fact, and lays before the world the shackles of her nullification and secession disenthralled. Never having by solemn vote revoked the war it knows, it needs not to flinch from the consequences of such criminals, if the presiding officer of its convention opens its sittings with the annunciation "That the war for National integrity has been brought to a successful issue." Its armies were never before so full for war, but now loud for warriors; not advocating the organization of State militia to protect the State from Federal aggression. Does it put in the field an army of gentlemen officer whose last known acts and military orders were to suppress the militia of the State? It has such there in the shape of veterans. But, gentlemen, though the war is over, the contest is not yet at an end. Begun in the forum, it was not carried to the battle field, but in the forum, it now proposes to end. It is again adjourned to the forum, and as the contest in the field was begun by stealing the people's bullets, so the contest in the forum is to be initiated by stealing the people's ballots; but, thanks to the progress of events, the first was done under Buchanan and Lincoln, but in order to be extended under Andy Johnson and E. M. Stanton, for so long as in the mouths of men Jack shall stand for John, Johnson shall be the same as Jackson, and Andrew Johnson be the synonyme of Andrew Jackson, and the Administration or one as of the other, stand as a front of iron against the usurpations of over-reaching State rights, and by its firm, unshaken, even-handed power, hold all the spheres of our complex political system each in their constitutional orbit. Under such guidance is the Union party to bear its part in their new contest; it is able to do well; it holds the power and molds the policy and shapes the legislation of the State in the Union; it is great and powerful, not by the accident of a day, or the chance result of a single political combination, but by years of adherence to plainly promulgated principles: by persistent, patient adherence to the country's cause in time of the country's extremity; by steadfast faith in fundamentals of American nationality, and imparted justness administered under impartial laws flowing from its principles of action, and issued in impartial suffrage. Nor need he go abroad for a declaration of principles, nor for a creed, nor seek for standard-bearers among captured princes or discomfited deserters from the enemy or to the enemy. We have color sergeants in our own ranks who have sustained the country's flag when the fight was the fiercest, and patriotic blood flowed fastest. Some of these will properly be our honored leaders and faithful standard-bearers. Cheers.

The Chairman on the permanent organization made a report which was unanimously adopted: For President, Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, and seven Vice Presidents. On taking the chair, Mr. Depew addressed the convention at some length. A committee on resolutions was then appointed.

On motion of Mr. Ward, Mr. Hunt of Oneida, and Jno. K Porter of Albany, were nominated by acclamation for Court of Appeals, Mr. Hunt for the long term and Mr. Porter for the short term.

It was moved to proceed to the nomination of a candidate for Secretary of State. Isaac Dayton of New York, nominated Gen. Francis C. Barlow; Charles S. Spencer, of New York, nominated Gen. Chas. H. Vanwyck. Barlow received 181 votes; Vanwyck received 154. Mr. Spencer moved the nomination of Gen. Barlow, by acclamation, which was carried.

The vote for Comptroller resulted as follows: Thomas H. Hillhouse, of Ontario, nominated by Charles J. Falger, received 258 votes. The nomination of Thomas H. Hillhouse was made unanimous.

At the evening session General J. H. Martindale was nominated for Attorney General; J. Platt Kennedy, of Monroe, was nominated for Surveyor; Robert C. Dorn, of Senenectady, Canal Commissioner; General Barnum, of Onondaga, Inspector of the State prison; Hon. Solomon, of Cattaraugus, Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

Henry J. Raymond reported from the Committee on Resolutions, a series of resolutions congratulating the people on the overthrow of the rebellion and the return of peace, the preservation of the Union and the extirpation of slavery, returning thanks to the loyal officers and sailors, deploring the death by the assassination of President Lincoln, recognizing in Andrew Johnson a statesman of ability, experience, high and unsullied patriotism and unsullied integrity, and renewing to his administration assurances of cordial support. Approving the sentiments of kindness and confidence towards these communities and individuals lately in rebellion, who accept the perpetuation of the Union and the perpetual prohibition of slavery; approving his initial steps towards reconstruction; regarding the several States in the Union as having juris diction over all local and domestic affairs, especially reserved to them by the Constitution, and whenever it shall be deemed compatible with the safety of the Union, restore to the States lately in rebellion the renewed exercise of those rights, we trust it will be done in the faith and in the hope that they be exercised in the spirit of equal and impartial justice, and with a view to the elevation and perpetuation of citizenship of all of their people. Expressing full confidence in the restoration to the Government of civil tribunals to their first and national supremacy. Recognizing the national debt as a sacred obligation, and demanding of Congress legislation making taxation equal and impartial upon all classes. Endorsing the declaration that the Government has no power to assume or pay any portion of the rebel debt. Expecting at the hands of the Government a large reduction of expenditures, and wise and economical administration of public affairs; expressing confidence in the President's management of foreign affairs, and adhering to the Monroe Doctrine; tendering congratulations to Mr. Seward on his providential escape from the knife of the assassin, and rejoicing that his distinguished services shall continue to the nation. The resolutions were adopted unanimously, and one endorsing the official conduct of the Secretary of State, Depew, in the enunciation of the caucus, and tendering thanks to the brave man who sustained the cause of American nationality in England, and mourning the death of Cobden, etc.

Adjourned.

Highly Interesting.

Freedmen's Affairs in Alabama—Appointments by Gen. Swayne—Gen. Howard to make a Tour through the South—Is the Freedmen's Bureau necessary?—John Surratt in Montreal—He is going to Glasgow—R. M. T. Hunter at Home—Gen. Pillow, &c., &c.

The *Herald* says: General Wager Swayne, commissioner of Bureau of Freedmen for the State of Alabama, has designated judicial officers and magistrates of Alabama appointed by Governor Parsons as agents of the Freedmen's Bureau for the administration of justice in all cases wherein negroes are concerned. Governor Parsons advises all judicial officers of the State to accept the appointment conferred by General Swayne with its imposed condition, that negro evidence shall be received in courts, and orders all such officers to report promptly their acceptance or refusal of the appointment tendered. In case of the non-acceptance of the conditions, martial law is to prevail.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The Quartermaster General has ordered quartermasters having in their possession money belonging to the contraband fund to turn it over to Col. Bullock, of the Freedmen's Bureau. This fund is raised by assessing each contraband in the service of the government three dollars a month for the support of helpless colored people.

During next month General Howard contemplates making a complete tour of all the Southern States, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the new relations between the freedmen and employers are sufficiently established to admit of curtailing the operations of the Bureau. The Freedmen's Bureau was designed by Congress to be a temporary arrangement, to adjust difficulties arising between the freedmen and their late masters, under the new order of affairs, and when it shall be found that these two classes work harmoniously together, the necessity for the Bureau will cease to exist, and it will be discontinued; but as it is now organized, it is the opinion of the President that such an inspection as General Howard is about entering upon shall be made, in order definitely to fix the actual condition of affairs between the freedmen and employees of the South, which will determine whether the Bureau shall be maintained or discontinued.

The *Commercial Advertiser* says: A Portland, Maine, merchant saw John H. Surratt in Montreal a week or two ago. Surratt had just procured there for sometime, and on one occasion when the detectives were in close pursuit of him, he took secrets and hiding place in one of the churches. It was believed in Montreal last week that he was to take passage for Glasgow on the steamer St. George, to sail on Friday last.

The *Post's* special says: James S. Boyce, of South Carolina, has been pardoned.

R. M. T. Hunter has gone to Richmond in Virginia to reside, and his family has also gone home. He filed no application for pardon.

The ex-rebel General Pillow arrived in Washington this morning. He has applied for pardon.

Late Southern Items.

Swindling a Freed Woman—Colored Troops Mustered Out—Votes Registered at Wilmington—Delegates to the Colored State Convention—Meeting of Capitalists in Richmond—Organization of a National Express Company—Capital to be $500,000—Officers, &c.

NEW YORK, September 20.—The Wilmington *Herald* of the 15th says: Fanny Moore, having stated to Gen. Duffield of the Freedmen's Bureau, that herself and six children, after raising a small crop, had been ordered by her former master to leave the place, and that he claimed any share of the crop, notification was sent to the person complained of that she was entitled to one-half the crop, and that it must be delivered to her.

The 6th and 27th regiments of colored troops are soon to be mustered out.

Up to a late hour on the 14th only 239 persons entitled to vote at the coming election were registered.

The freedmen held a large meeting in Wilmington on the evening of the 14th, to appoint delegates to the convention at Raleigh on the 22d inst.

The Richmond *Whig* says the meeting of capitalists on Monday evening to organize a great national and international Express Company, was large in numbers and representation of capital. Hon. William F. Mumford acted as Chairman and James A. Camardin as Secretary. In a few minutes the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, one hundred dollars each, was subscribed. The sum to be subscribed in Richmond is to be limited to $50,000, of a maximum capital of $500,000. The remaining $350,000 is to be taken in Northern States. Gov. Pierpont subscribed $5,000, eliciting much applause. Among those present and subscribing was the Hon. Caleb Cushing.

In organizing this national company, it is proposed that its officers and employees shall be officers and soldiers of the late rebel army of the United States, and of the late Confederate States; in the Northern States, the officers and soldiers of the United States army, and in the Southern States of the officers and soldiers of the late Confederate States army. At the head of the company highly qualified and competent officers of the two armies will be placed. The object is to give employment to many of the gallant and brave men now out of employment, and without means to support themselves and their families, and who are also destitute of necessaries, as well as to establish affinity of interest between the two sections.

THE CHICAGO COUNCILS.

They Intend Visiting Pittsburgh.

NEW YORK, September 20.—A delegation of sixteen gentlemen, publishers of a political paper, addressed and other city officials of the city of Chicago, arrived in this city yesterday. They will remain here until the first of next week, and during their visit to Boston, and thence to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburgh, arriving at home in about a fortnight.

Brewery Burned in Washington.

WASHINGTON, September 20.—The rates of postage upon letters to Schleswig, Holstein and Lowenberg, by the Prussian Stored Mail, will hereafter be thirty-one cents per single rate if prepaid, and thirty-three cents per single rate if unpaid.

Huger, Abner & Bryer's Lager Beer Brewery, in the northeast part of the city was destroyed by fire last night. Insured with the contents. Loss $15,000, which is covered by insurance.

Among the latest arrivals from the South is the ex-rebel Governor William Smith, of Virginia.

Fire in Portland, Maine.

PORTLAND, Me., September 20.—A fire this morning on Federal street, between Pearl and Franklin streets, destroyed the brass cast of the late Capt. John Williams, and nearly destroyed the houses belonging to Mr. Walton, on the east, and Edw. Harlones, on the west, and damaging the new Rumery House on Congress street, in the rear.

Geo. T. Garrison Arrested.

FORTRESS MONROE, September 18.—George S. Garrison, who is charged with the loss of watches to Norfolk last week, that were taken from our Andersonville prisoners, was arrested at his home in Accomac county, Virginia, by Detective Shore, and brought to Fort Monroe to-day.

Secretary Stanton in New York.

NEW YORK, September 20.—Chief Justice Chase, Secretaries Stanton and Welles, and Gov. Andrew, are in the city. Senator Morgan will give entertainment to Secretary Stanton this evening. A number of distinguished persons have been invited to meet the secretary.

STATE POLITICS.

The Union Judicial conferees of Washington, Greene, and Fayette counties met at Waynesburg, on Monday, and Mr. R. W. Downey having declined in favor of Hon. J. K. Ewing, Mr. Ewing was unanimously nominated as the Union candidate for President Judge.

The Democrats of Chester county have put in nomination the following ticket: Assembly—Capt. Colehower, Wm. L. Latta, James Lysle; County Treasurer—Samuel Hughes; Commissioner—Not reported; Sheriff—Liberty Browne; Director of the Poor—Miller; Auditor—Newton Evans; Auditor—Charles Hartshorne.

The Democracy of Erie county have nominated the following ticket: For Assembly—Major Hoskinson, of Erie, and Colonel W. O. Colt, of Waterford. County Surveyor—Capt. Miller, of Erie. County Auditor—Geo. W. Cruckle, of Erie. Director of the Poor—Wm. Keeler, of Erie. County Commissioner—Edward Hall, of Girard.

The Democracy of Huntingdon county have nominated a soldiers' ticket against the Union soldiers ticket, as follows: Major John M. Portner, Assembly; private Robert McNeal for County Commissioner, private John H. Lightner for Director of the Poor, and private W. W. Worthington, for Auditor. They made no nomination for Sheriff, Associate Judge or County Treasurer, leaving the Democracy to support the soldiers on the Union ticket.

The following gentlemen were nominated by the Union County Convention of Chester county, to be voted for at the next election: Assembly—N. A. Pennypacker, Wm. B. Waddell, Nathan J. Sharpless; Sheriff—Pusey J. Nichols; Treasurer—John T. Potts; Commissioner—Thomas M. Cochran, for 3 years; Commissioner—to complete the unexpired term of Andrew Mitchel, dec'd; Director of the Poor—Robert L. Walker; Auditor—Joseph J. Tustin, of Darlington; County Surveyor—L. R. H. Willman.

The London press is well represented with Sir Morton Peto's party, who are now at the West. Among others are Mr. Woods, of the *Times*, who was here with the Prince of Wales. The *Star*, which, since the death of Messrs. Cobden and Lacen, has come under the general management of John Bright, is represented by its city editor, or what would be termed here its commercial news editor, Mr. Hewitt; and the *Post* and *Railway News* have Mr. Mclermott to attend to their interests.

A Phrenological View of President Johnson.

In a recent number of the *Phrenological Journal* we find this analysis of the character of "Andy Johnson":

"Phrenologically considered, he has a large brain, well supported by an excellent constitution. The brain is specially heavy in the base, including large perspective organs; broad between the ears in destructiveness, combativeness and alimentiveness; large in the lower back head, including the social affections, and were it not that Mr. Johnson has also a full-top head, including conscientiousness, veneration and benevolence, he would indeed be imperious or despotic. As it is he possesses a very strong will, the greatest fortitude, and almost unlimited powers of endurance, with courage and force to match. Cautiousness is not over large; secretiveness is full, and the intellectual faculties are prominent and active. Self-esteem is full, and considerable pride of character will be manifested.

"Owing to large approbativeness, he will never be haughty, proud, or domineering, but will be modest, yet will possess a full degree, but always strong and earnest. That he will always confer with his advisers, getting the best judgment from all sources, there can be no doubt; and that he will be master of the situation, be governed by what he conceives to be right and proper, holding all men to the most rigid accountability to principles, there can be no question. There will be no child's play with such a man. He will be calm, self-regulated and dignified. His organization will incline him to take a comprehensive view of questions, and to consider the interests of the people. There is nothing aristocratic in his composition, but he is eminently democratic in the best sense of that term, granting the same rights to all men that he claims for himself. There is not the slightest touch or pretension to royalty, or the feeling that 'I am better than you,' nor would he play the sycophant to lords or crowned heads. He, we should believe, is the man to drew Johnson. He can be used only in the interest of the people.

"As a statesman and even reformatory in spirit but conservative in principle. If severe to the wicked he will be just; and to the humble and penitent he will be kind. His physiognomy has an expression of anxious care, as though he were peering into the future, trying to divine the will of Providence. He has not had joyous, high, satisfying pressure to fully illuminated the face of Mr. Lincoln, but is more sedate and stern-looking, which is in keeping with the character of the man. Mr. Lincoln's head was narrow between the ears; Mr. Johnson's is very broad at this point. Mr. Lincoln was slight, and his organs of the social faculties, moderate and devotional. Mr. Johnson is not deficient in those organs, but they do not exert a very marked influence. Executiveness is the leading trait of his character, and he is by nature a ruler. Firmness is also conspicuous, but not lack propelling power or the spirit to punish wickedness. He may show leniency, but it will not be until the first sees penitence on the part of the offender."

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Cincinnati is much engaged in the enterprise of a railroad to Knoxville, with a good prospect for putting it through.

There was a gale on Lake Michigan on Sunday and Monday morning. The steamer May Queen was sunk at Sheboygan during the gale.

Gen. Grant's engagements require his presence in Washington on Saturday next. It is generally probable that he will visit Pittsburgh.

The colored people in Richmond are preparing to support their poor the coming winter. They are holding meetings and, "taking time by the forelock."

The latest style of hats in Paris combines the form of a turban, a shako, and a helmet, advancing considerably beyond the head in front and sloping down at the back. The materials used are silk and enamelled paper, prepared by peculiar processes, and it is said a harmless light hat. Some were sent to London, but nobody would wear such a singular looking affair until the fashion was well established in Paris.

A correspondence has sprung up between General Thomas and Messrs. Cooper, Thomas, and Campbell, the recently elected "Conservative" Congressmen from Tennessee. These gentlemen assert their loyalty and their long-continued hostility to the rebellion, admitting a difference between themselves and Northern citizens only in regard to minor questions of politics.

Hon. John C. Ten Eyck, of New Jersey, late United States Senator, will, it is announced, be a candidate for the office of Secretary of the Senate, next winter, in place of Mr. Forney. Whatever may be the chances of Forney's being elected from his place, the presumption probably is strong against an ex-Senator's being called to fill it. The gentlemen of the Senate have the dignity of their cloth altogether too high for that.

The Louisville *Journal* on Saturday announces "three more murders," and dismisses them all in a paragraph, saying: "Every exertion is being used by the authorities to abolish this reign of crime which terrifies our populace and shocks the moral sense of the community, but human means seem to be employed in vain, and as a last hope, we consult the blood-stained wretches to the certain retribution of an avenging God."

To save a legal point and remove pending difficulties, such as the giving up of keys, etc., Governor Anderson, of Ohio, has accepted the resignation of Treasurer Morrey, that no one is yet found to accept the position. The Governor will probably appoint some one who will not only administer the Treasury Department faithfully, but who will thoroughly and intelligently examine the financial legislation of the State, and the laws governing the same, and suggest any revised modifications for the further security of the public funds.

The accounts from East Tennessee are one prolonged wail of horror. Nowhere else in the South are scenes of blood being enacted on an equally extensive scale. The Union men, remembering how they were hunted down in the earlier years of the war, are resolved that their persecutors shall not live with them in peace on any terms. The surrendered rebels, upon the other hand, claim the protection of their parole, and protect themselves. Rich as oil and water will not mix, even with much shaking, so these two elements stand out in unrelenting hostility. Murders are of daily occurrence, but they are not murders by stealth or done for robbery. The ruling passion is "revenge." A list of sixteen picks out the man who dealt his father the fatal blow, and shoots him. Returned Union soldiers seek out summary justice for outraged wives or daughters. Old men sacrifice to the manes of their slaughtered sons.

STATE ITEMS.

A white crane was captured on the farm of John Ross, Greene county, last week.

The Washington County Agricultural Society hold their annual Fair in Washington borough, to-day and to-morrow.

The police force of Hollidaysburg is to be increased, owing to the increase of rowdyism in the town.

Dan Rice's monument to the memory of the fallen heroes of Erie county will be inaugurated in the borough of Girard, on the first of November.

During the months of May, June, July and August, five million five hundred thousand three cent pieces were coined at the United States Mint in Philadelphia. Where are they?

The dry goods store of John Loutey & Co., Philadelphia, was entered early Tuesday morning by burglars, and fifteen thousand dollars worth of goods carried off. No clue to the perpetrators.

The Rev. James Keogh, D. D., who for many years was President of St. Michael's College, Pittsburgh, has assumed the duties pertaining to the ministry of Trinity Church, in this city, Philadelphia, to which he was lately appointed.

Robberies of railroad ticket offices appear to have become an epidemic. The safe of the ticket office of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Duncansville was robbed on Thursday night of eighty dollars in money.

The office of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad, in Huntingdon, was burglariously entered on Wednesday night last, the safe blown open, and forty dollars in money and a $1,000 bond carried off.

The preparations for the State Fair are rapidly approaching completion at Williamsport, and the prospects are that it will be a great success. The exhibition opens on Tuesday next, 26th inst., and closes on Friday following.

The Titusville *Herald*, a spicy daily paper, well supplied with oil news, has been enlarged, and now makes as fine an appearance typographically as any journal daily in the State. It also has a hearty advertising patronage.

James Williams, of Ludwick, Westmoreland county, conductor of a freight train on the Pennsylvania road, was caught between two cars while coupling them on Wednesday last, and so badly crushed that he lived but a few hours.

Houses for the Houseless.

The following from the St. Louis *Democrat*, should ring in the ears of our business community: We learn with a great deal of pleasure that some of our leading citizens—gentlemen of means and enterprise—are about to meet the demands, in some degree at least, of the city, in the way of additional dwelling tenements. It is indispensably necessary that increased accommodations should be provided as soon as possible, if any desire is entertained for a further enhancement of population. It could be wished that *many* of the moneyed men of St. Louis would unite in this movement, and proceed immediately in the discharge of this important duty—a duty demanded by their own interests and the interests of the city in which they have amassed their fortunes.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

Census Volume of 1860.

No More Requisitions for Pardon.

R. M. T. Hunter and Fayette McMullen.

REBEL GEN. HENRY C. WAYNE.

Hon. Caleb Lyon, Governor of Idaho.

Receipts of Internal Revenue.

FIRST U. S. COLORED REGIMENT.

Colored Schools in Washington.

The Pay of Deserters.

Money in National Treasury.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, September 20.

The Receipts from Internal Revenue

To-day were nearly one and a half millions of dollars.

The acting Postmaster General to-day ordered the reopening of twenty postoffices in Virginia, Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia.

The First United States Colored Regiment,

Which has been in service three years, is about to be mustered out. The majority of the men enlisted it were raised in this city and the adjoining counties of Maryland and Virginia. The colored people of Washington are making preparations to give the regiment a public reception.

The Freedmen's Bureau has made application to the Secretary of the Interior for a grant of certain unoccupied Government ground in this city, on which to erect suitable buildings for use of the

Colored Schools

now being organized here. If the application meets with a favorable response, school accommodation will be provided for about eight thousand freedmen.

The Second Comptroller of the Treasury has decided that deserters serving after the expiration of their original enlistment to make up lost time, can only receive the rate of pay allowed by law during the period covered by their enlistment.

Senator Yates, of Illinois, left here this evening, *en route* for his home in that State.

The amount of

Money in the Treasury

to-day was upwards of seventy-two millions of dollars.

SHIPMENTS OF ARMS.

Circular from Secretary McCulloch.

Restrictions Generally Removed.

Special dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, September 20.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day issued the following

Circular to Collectors of Customs.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, September 15, 1865.

SIR:—The circular of the first inst., relative to the shipment of guns and ammunition into the States heretofore declared in insurrection, is hereby so far modified that you will hereafter grant permits without any reference to this Department, for the shipment of sporting guns and ammunition therefor in any reasonable amount, and also blasting powder for mining purposes. You will make weekly returns, on the last day of each week, of the several applications granted by you, showing the names and residences of consignors and consignees, the amount and character of the powder, shot, and of lead shipped, which must be stated in pounds and not in kegs, bags or casks. It is designed that these shipments shall in no case exceed what may, in your judgment, be necessary to meet the ordinary wants of the country. All other applications you will refuse. With great respect, yours, &c.,

H. McCULLOUGH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

FROM EUROPE.

THE NEWS UNIMPORTANT.

LATE COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

NEW YORK, September 20.—We have the following additional foreign news:

LIVERPOOL, September 9, Evening—There is no news of importance.

The London *Times* of to-day has an editorial opposing the project of saddling England with heavy obligations on account of the intercolonial railway from Quebec to Halifax, and arguing against the expediency of the undertaking.

PARIS, September 9, Evening.—It is asserted that the French Government has addressed a note to Prussia in reference to the number of troops in Count Entenburgh, and dwells upon the fact that France extends protection to all her subjects.

The Bourse is easy. Rentes closed steady, at 68f 25c.

LIVERPOOL, September 9.—The steamship Scotland from New York, arrived at Queenstown to-day.

LIVERPOOL, September 9.—Evening—Cotton; sales of cotton to-day are 7,000 bales, including 2,000 bales to speculators and exporters. Breadstuffs dull, and tending downwards. Provisions firm. Tallow firmer. Produce quiet and steady.

LONDON, September 9.—Consols for money 89⅝@90; Illinois Central shares, 79½; Erie, 61¾@62¼; United States 5-20's, 68⅝.

No More Compound Interest Notes.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The Treasury Department will not issue, at present, any more compound interest notes of the denomination of one hundred dollars, which have been counterfeited, and will adopt measures to call in such as are in circulation.

TRIAL OF WIRZ.

Documentary Evidence Introduced.

Examination of Dr. Thornburgh.

WASHINGTON, September 20.—The following is the report of Dr. Thornburg, given in testimony in the Wirz trial to-day:

CONFEDERATE STATES MILITARY HOSPITAL,
ANDERSONVILLE, GA., September 26, 1864.

SIR:—I would most respectfully call your attention to the very bad sanitary condition of the second division, as well as the whole hospital, to the immense quantity of filth accumulating in the streets, and to the filthiness of the tents and patients, and to the fact that it cannot be otherwise until we are furnished with means with which to work; the patients are lying on the cold ground, without bed or blanket, and also that we have a very scanty supply of medicine, and that the rations are not of the proper kind, and not issued in a proper quantity. Hoping that proper steps may be taken to remedy these defects, I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,
A. THORNBURG,
Assistant Surgeon.

To R. A. STEVENSON, Surgeon in ch arge A. C. S.

The witness had made several similar reports to Dr. White. He frequently saw prisoners have pants made out of what little bed clothing they could get. During the administration of Dr. White but few vegetables, and those in small quantities, were issued. Witness knew there was an order from the War Department placing prison hospitals on the same footing as Confederate hospitals. The hospital fund could have been drawn, and it would have supplied the hospital with vegetables. The meal issued was unsifted and very coarse. Under the administration of Dr. Stevenson things were very little better than under that of Dr. White.

It was very difficult to procure medicines, and when requisitions were made, it was many days before they were filled. Frequently the medicines most needed were not furnished at all. The mortality was great; witness attributed it, solely, to the want of proper, crowding of men into so small a space, and lack of shelter and fuel. The worst cases were brought from the stockade to the hospital. There would be from forty to sixty deaths per day, and their places would be filled by sick men from the stockade. Deaths frequently occurred in the stockade. Some died who had never received medical attention. Persons waiting at the stockade gate for medical attention would die before being carried to the hospital.

Witness had been shown the hospital register, and he stated that he recognized the book as being a hospital book kept at Andersonville. He saw no marks to indicate that it had been tampered with, except some pencil marks which he supposed to be check marks. The book was here offered in evidence by Col. Chapman. It is a record of the hospital at Andersonville.

Frederick M. Jayne, clerk to the Commission, testified that he had prepared an exhibit of the number of deaths from starvation, &c., which he made the check marks referred to by the witness.

Dr. Thornburg resumed:—The number returned to the stockade from the hospitals was very small. Many who got well were detailed as nurses, and remained in the hospital service. Witness had frequently seen men brought out of the stockade and no one knew what they died with. One-half of those who died could have been saved had proper diet and accommodations been furnished. In August, five or six buildings were erected in the north-west corner of the stockade. In October, or the next year some four or five other sheds were erected in the south part of the stockade. Witness knew nothing personally of the sheds or how many they would hold.

Many of the prisoners built shelter with boughs, old blankets, or anything they could get. Many suffered little or no fire during

The Daily Commercial

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1865.

UNION STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
JOHN P. HARTRANFT,
of Montgomery.
SURVEYOR GENERAL:
JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
of Cambria.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, Allegheny.
FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LAMBERT, Pitt Township.
FOR TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, Jr., Liberty Township.
FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. Y. McKEE, North Fayette Township.
HANS B. HERRON, McCandless Township.
ALFRED SLACK, Allegheny.
DAVID SHAFFER, Upper St Clair.
J. F. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DANES, Shaler Township.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN NEELY, Lower St. Clair Tp.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
R. L. McCULLEY, Birmingham.
FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
MOSES CHESS, Chartiers Township.

BUSINESS ACTIVITY IN PITTSBURGH.

The reaction in trade has now fairly begun and we dare not say to what extent it may very probably reach. After a short season of comparative stagnation, causing some fearful ones to apprehend a killing dullness, the whole body of trade in all branches has begun to react.

Prices are moving, especially where they fell to too low a point, and a large and increasing demand will not permit any downward tendency for some time. Labor, here at least, did not recede generally with the prices of goods, but where it was reduced it is now fully recovering its position of last year. Think of iron boiling in Pittsburgh at eight dollars per ton, against five dollars in the East! Why this should be, puzzles even those best informed in the business.

All branches of manufactures in Pittsburgh are now fairly and fully under way with a prospect of full employment for an indefinite time. Not one, we believe, of the many rolling mills here, is now idle; nor, indeed, have they had much respite this summer beyond the time necessary to overhaul machinery and repair furnaces. Nail manufacturers, a month or so ago, were concerned as to what they would do with their made up goods. Now, the market is bare and all hands at work. So with iron generally; so with that young giant, as it is destined to become here, we fully believe, the Steel Trade; and so with the great Glass Trade of Pittsburgh, which is as active as ever with all the signs ahead pointing to a full employment for all the facilities for turning out work.

Iron advanced Ten Dollars per ton Tuesday, necessarily upon a concession to boilers of Two Dollars per ton, and other advances in material. We suppose we might assume that all things remaining as they are, the present price of our great staple, while not a speculative one, yet would be considered satisfactory by our manufacturers. The business would be a decent one in point of profit, but it has not been the most of this summer. What would be the case if foreign exchange should decline greatly, we fear to say. Therefore the greater necessity that Congress should place the great interests of the country beyond contingencies so precarious as those which now grant manufacturing a living. Woe to the Internal Revenue—our financial Life Boat—if the manufactures of the country be not sustained. Here we will state a pregnant fact: During the past month of activity with our manufacturers, the Internal Revenue returns have been larger than for any previous month.

We rejoice in the present healthy condition of trade in Pittsburgh. We hear of similar activity in some other cities. We hope the whole country will soon respond to the same cheering call. The great Southern country has to be set upon its feet again and fitted out with a new stock in trade of everything, from a needle to an anchor. Europe formerly nursed this large customer; now, we think, will be rather shy, with those Confederate Bonds on her hands unpaid and never to be paid. We can, therefore, with wise legislation, get the start of her, and when the South has time to turn round and gather up her scattered means to buy with, she will buy at home here, and a big purchase it will be in the aggregate.

We dismiss this subject with cheerful feelings, wishing that the whole country may soon resound with the ring of an active, healthy, *cash* trade.

CONSOLIDATION.

The question of consolidating Pittsburgh and the adjacent Boroughs begins to attract a good degree of attention from our citizens. We understand that many with whom the proposition has heretofore found no favor, now give it warm support. As a question of time it is furnishing its own solution in the strong necessity which men perceive exists. Our sister city, Allegheny, is having a practical illustration of the subject, and is seeking to absorb Manchester, basing the proposition on reasons which are equally strong in favor of the consolidation of all the Cities and Boroughs.

Strangers visiting us can perceive no reason for the subdivisions which exist, but wonder we do not unite and become one city,—if for no other reason, for the additional strength always to be found in union. It is believed that there exists no objection which cannot readily be removed. One thing is certain, other communities similarly situated have uniformly united, and in no instance has separation taken place or been desired. If it is advantageous to have separate boroughs to the extent we now have them, why not proceed to subdivide again, and make twenty in the place of the ten?

HARD UP FOR CANDIDATES.

We have seen persons in embarrassing positions—in some that awaken pity, in some that arouse fear, in some that excite laughter, but we have never seen anybody so awkwardly situated as the political faction that comically calls itself the Democracy. They are completely cornered, and are distressingly conscious of it. But to conceal their mortification and to forestall the ridicule of spectators, they put on whimsical airs, and go through grotesque motions, as though they enjoyed the fun themselves. They are like a person who awkwardly talls in the street, and looks around, as he rises, to see if anybody is laughing at him, with a painful grin on his own face.

In nothing does this expedient of human nature in its straits, appear more conspicuously than in the selection of their candidates by the aforesaid Democracy. After having denounced the war in every shape and form of speech, and tried in vain to prevent the soldiers who were defending the country against traitors from enjoying the rights of suffrage, they fill out their lists of candidates for office with the names of these very soldiers, so that they look rather like muster rolls than civil lists. There is inconsistency in their thus putting forward soldiers—and yet there is consistency, too, for the stay-at-home party men have all through the war kept themselves far in the rear of the brave soldiers. But they nominate soldiers only in places where there is no chance of success. This is decidedly shabby treatment of the brave boys. The Democracy is never lacking in candidates for office, when they are anywhere within the possibility of election. Where it is otherwise, a soldier may stand in the front as well as another man—if he is willing. But some of them are not willing, having no relish for defeat at the polls after having conquered in the field; and most of them have no notion of playing stool-pigeon for a party that stood out against the war and the Union as long as Mr. LEE and Mr. DAVIS did. The thing is too farcical. Old soldiers are not so easily gulled.

THE Pittsburgh *Gazette* lectures people about adhering to the teachings of the Republican State platform; and yet it is blatant for immediate universal negro suffrage, and assails the President because he is not. Where do you find that doctrine in the Harrisburg resolutions?

The *Gazette* maintains that the rebel leaders "can be properly treated only as *prisoners of war*," while the State Republican Platform demands the severest and speediest treatment for them.

The *Gazette* discourages confidence in the President, while the State Republican Platform, in common with the platforms of all the States, asserts entire confidence in ANDREW JOHNSON. Its language is as follows: "That revering the "memory of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the great "martyr of liberty, we cannot show greater "honor to his name than by a *generous support "of his fellow-patriot and successor*, ANDREW "JOHNSON, the President of the United States, "who has been called to complete the task "which he left unfinished, *His unbounded patri-"otism is a* SURE GUARANTEE *that in the mo-"mentous* FUTURE *the authority of the Govern-"ment will be upheld and the* RIGHTS AND LIB-"ERTIES OF ALL THE CITIZENS OF THE "REPUBLIC WILL BE SECURED."

Pray, neighbor, for your own sake, keep quiet—it matters little where you are, whether you are on or off the platform; but husband your resources, which chiefly are the offices you hold by the favor of ANDREW JOHNSON.

THE COAL TRADE OF PITTSBURGH.

The *Trade Circular*, for the three months ending September, has been issued, and contains an elaborate exposition of the coal trade of Pittsburgh. The extent of the bituminous coal field surrounding Pittsburgh is fifteen thousand square miles, or eight million six hundred thousand acres. The upper seam of coal in this area, rating it at an average depth of eight feet, is estimated to contain 55,016,160,000 tons of coal, which at two dollars per ton, or a little over seven cents per bushel, would be worth $107,032,860,000—a sum equal to the payment of the National debt, nearly twenty-seven times, supposing it to be four thousand millions; or an amount equal to the gold and silver products of California and Nevada, for more than a thousand years, even if they yielded one hundred millions annually.

The coal veins of the Monongahela Valley, above Pittsburgh, range from four and a half feet in thickness at this city, to seven and eight feet at Brownsville, and its neighborhood, where LYELL states he found them ten feet. In the five pools on the Monongahela slackwater, there have been sixty-nine collieries opened within a period of twenty years. The number of acres embraced in the real estate of these collieries is twelve thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, valued at $4,089,875; the value of the houses at the mines is $795,600, and that of the live stock at $76,775; other improvements, tools, cars, &c., at $723,845. The number of hands employed is 3,485, and the total population of the collieries of the Monongahela is 16,950. There are fifteen towboats connected with the collieries, valued at $322,000, and 161,280 yards of railroad track is used in operating the mines. The cost of mining on the Monongahela has increased from $1 25 to $2 00, in 1860, to $7 00 per hundred bushels, in 1865, which includes the digging and loading into boats. During the year 1864, 5,328,250 bushels of coal were furnished from these mines for home consumption, and 29,541,307 bushels were exported. The product of the mines for the past twenty years aggregates 566,782,263 bushels, or 13,097,581 tons.

The collieries of the Youghiogheny river, which forms a junction with the Monongahela river some sixteen miles above Pittsburgh, are contained in a distinct basin some five miles wide and twenty miles long. The quality of coal is very superior, and its freedom from sulphur has given the coke manufactured from it an excellent reputation. The Connellsville Railroad Company is a large transporter of the coal mined on this river. There are along its line twenty-two collieries, occupying 3,020 acres of coal land, which are valued at $943,825. The value of the houses is given at $108,400. The cost of the other improvements at $57,600, and that of the cars, tools, etc., at $35,500. The number of hands employed in the working of the mines is given at 839, and the total population of the collieries at 4,195. The live stock used is stated at the value of $12,469. There are seven other collieries along the Youghiogheny, from which no statistics have been received. During the past year 130,880 tons of coal reached this city by railroad, and a correspondingly large amount found a market by river.

The collieries immediately adjoining the city, which are principally owned and operated by the rolling mill firms, are an important item in the make up of Pittsburgh coal statistics. Ten of these collieries occupy one thousand five hundred and seventy acres, valued at $1,256,600, the value of the houses, other improvements, cars, tools, &c., are valued at $737,500; the number of hands employed is one thousand two hundred and forty, and the colliery population about 5,765; the live stock employed is valued at $50,000. The amount of coal taken from these and other small mines about the city during 1863 was 8,675,000 bushels, or 131,250 tons, which is all consumed at home.

In addition, there are several collieries on the Pennsylvania Railroad, but most of their product is shipped East. The number of acres embraced in these mines is given at 1,491, and are valued at $830,000. The value of the improvements other than houses, is stated at $101,000, and the tenements valued at $109,160. The cars, tools, etc., are estimated at $61,125, and the live stock at $61,000. The population of these collieries is given at 2,050 inhabitants, and the number of workmen at four hundred and ten. In 1864 there was 162,580 net tons, or 4,263,400 bushels brought to Pittsburgh from the collieries by the Pennsylvania Railroad. There are three collieries in the Allegheny Valley, the statistics of two of which are as follows: Number of acres embraced, 1,460; hands employed, 450; value of coal lands, $600,000; of houses, $46 000; of live stock, $8,000; of cars, tools, *et cetera* $16,425; of improvements other than houses, $100,000; population of collieries about 2,000. The coal from these works is all brought to the city by the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and it appears by the manifests of that road that there were transported from the mines to Pittsburgh in 1864, 72,368 tons, or 1,809,200 bushels.

As to the coke business properly belonging to the coal trade, it may add interest to this statement to give a few items concerning it. There are on the Monongahela river twenty-three coke ovens, on the Connellsville Railroad 245, in the city 142, being 410 coke ovens in all. The number of hands employed is 252, and the average cost of manufacturing is stated at three dollars per hundred bushels. The capacity of the ovens range from 90 to 150 bushels, and they average 113. The ovens are emptied every forty-eight hours, when working. As a general rule, not more than one-third of the ovens are burning at the same time, which would make the estimate of the yield of the ovens to be about 2,500,000 bushels annually. In addition to this there is a large amount of coke made on the ground, without the use of ovens, whose quantity is said to equal that burned in the ovens. Taking the yield of the ground cokeries to be equal to that of the ovens, which is said to be a fair estimate, we have a yield of five million bushels of coke per year, one-fourth of which is transported West and the remainder consumed at home.

SPECULATION IN BREADSTUFFS.

It has been ascertained from information received at the Agricultural Bureau, that the recent rise in the price of flour was the result of speculating combinations, and not from any serious failure of the wheat crop. Although that crop is less than usual, it is yet more than sufficient to supply the consumption of the United States, to say nothing of the unparalleled abundance of the other cereal crops.

If this be so, then the combination among dealers is as dishonest as robbery. People must have bread, and the monopolizing speculators know it. If they concert together to raise the price of flour, because they have the control of the market, and force the people to pay two cents a pound or four dollars a barrel, beyond a legitimate and remunerative price, they are *robbing* the people to that amount. It is worse than any *black mail* exactions. Extortion, in regard to bread, is a demand for "your purse or your life," as really as it was ever made by the foot-pad with cocked pistol at the traveler's breast. It is forcing the laws of nature to pay tribute to supreme covetousness, and taking the hard earned dollars of the poor to swell fortunes that are already overgrown.

The responsibility for this cruel and rapacious demand, it does not belong to us to locate. But it rests somewhere, and respectable dealers in the trade should not rest easy under it. The country is too much victimized by these business combinations, which grow tyrannical as they grow powerful. We look and long for the good old times to return, when trade shall be under the laws of demand and supply, when wholesome competition shall lay restraints on extortion and monopolies shall be among the exploded and unlamented tyrannies of the past.

THE DEADHEAD SYSTEM.

In different quarters the evils of the deadhead system on Railroads is receiving thg attention of the Press. The public have no conception of the number of persons who ride free—least of all do stockholders know how much they are taxed annually by the deadhead system. Some statements we have seen, seem to be almost incredible, showing that the system embraces all classes in the community, and is extensively used by managers to gain and perpetuate influence. We are confident, however, that the managers of our Railroads regard it as a great and growing evil, which they would gladly get rid of. Judging from its tone, so far as there has been an expression, we think that they can safely rely on the Press to assist them to throw off the burthen. Let the reform be complete; and if the managers are at a loss where to begin, let them take the Press first,—but let the knife go clean through without stopping. While the Press properly appreciates all favors of this description, it conceives that they form a part of a system that should be broken up, and that too without delay. Let there be a full and early exhibit of the number of persons who ride free, and what it costs to carry them, what part of the accidents are referable to this cause, and what are the evil consequences generally growing out of deadheadism. The annual meetings of most companies are near at hand, and it will be a favorable time for action. We presume that no railroad manager desires to see the evil perpetuated. If any one does, let the shareholders demand to be informed all about it, and a thorough reform. What say our railway managers—is not this a good proposition,—and why should it not be accepted?

As a battery was going into camp at New Haven, an old battery horse grazing in a lot, hearing a bugle-call, jumped the fence, took his old position in line, and moved out to camp with the battery. So much for force of habit.

CONDITION OF CHARLESTON.

Before the war Charleston was a city about three-fourths as large as Pittsburgh, and about one-fourth as large as Pittsburgh with its adjoining suburbs. At present the proportion is much smaller. Yet Charleston is a place of importance in a business point of view. We learn from various sources that it is gradually recovering its inhabitants and its life. New men of capital and energy, are purchasing property, repairing stores and houses, opening stocks of goods, and giving a healthful start to business. Some of the old merchants are resorting again to the Northern cities, where, upon paying in whole or in part their old liabilities, they find no serious difficulty in obtaining goods on accommodating terms. Branch establishments, from reliable Northern business houses, are supplying goods suitable to the necessities of the people. The revival of business is not rapid, but it is deemed to be safe, and to promise well for permanence.

In a social aspect, the city is improving. It is kept in a cleanly condition, being regularly and thoroughly policed under military regulations. As a consequence of this, it is healthy. Good order is maintained and seems to be appreciated. There are about 1,100 soldiers on duty there, 300 of which are colored. All are in a good state of discipline. The temper of the old inhabitants shows better than it probably is. They conduct ordinarily with propriety towards Northern people and the soldiers among them. The women appear most demure in the streets, and usually behave themselves decorously when they meet with Yankees on the pavement. Some of the people are sullen in their manner, some bitter in their speech, and some profess, at least, to anticipate great benefit from the changes that the war has produced and is yet to produce in the condition of affairs. On the whole the people of Charleston, as well as of the South generally, feel, speak and act in about the way that any other people would under similar circumstances. When bad passion shall have still further subsided, and reason and conscience get the ascendency, their intercourse with their new friends, both in society and business, will be found to be not a barrier but a furtherance of their social happiness and financial prosperity.

STREET MANNERS.

MR. EDITOR: You gentlemen of the Press are supposed to know everything, and, on that hypothesis, I am going to ask you a question or two. Is it consistent with good manners, in young ladies, to so entirely ignore the rougher sex as to hit shoulders with gentlemen who happen to be inattentive or abstracted, as they walk in the streets? Or, if that may be a difficult case to decide, Is it genteel so to ignore the passing stranger as to dash the tips of an umbrella, dripping with Pittsburgh rain, into his cheek, converting his shirt bosom into half-mourning calico, and depositing the cold fluid between his neck and his choker?

Answer. Accidents are unavoidable. Our correspondent may have been unfortunate. He seems to be innocent. Ladies, of course, will not voluntarily become shoulder-hitters. Ladies will, in a crowded street, give a little to the inclination, a slight lateral movement, to their umbrellas, so as not to endanger the eyes or the shirt-bosoms of the passing gentlemen. Books enough have been written on parlor manners and the etiquette of the drawing room. A good one on street manners may be a desideratum, but we shall not undertake to supply the want. But we have an impression that real refinement, in both sexes, or the want of it, is discernible in the street as well as in the drawing room.

ARCHIVES AND TROPHIES.—The letters, orders and other documents, constituting the rebel archives, which were captured at the breakdown of the rebellion, are being examined and sorted at Washington. A competent Bureau has been organized for the purpose, to be called the Archive office of the War Department. In the same department will be deposited many trophies of the war, among which are seven hundred flags that have floated over rebel ranks and fortresses.

The opening and examination of the documents will be a continual feast to persons largely gifted with curiosity. To the public, when the contents shall be made known, they will furnish matters of wonder, astonishment and sorrow. As they extend to all periods of the war, connected both the civil and military transactions, they will give, no doubt, a great deal of new and interesting information, and that of the most authentic kind. It would not be surprising if the developements should reveal some new characters in the great tragedy, as well as shed a lurid light upon some which are already known. If we had ever written sympathizing letters to the functionaries of the Confederacy, we should feel a trembling interest in the revelations.

A LARGE BAKING.—There was no starving in the Federal army, during the war. The boys, we believe, had few cakes or pies, but hard tack or soft bread was seldom lacking. It required a large amount to supply them. Appetite is less critical than craving to men on the march or in camps. A vast amount of material and of labor was necessary to keep up with the demand. The Government bakery at Washington issued, in four years, no less than fifty million rations of bread.

LABORING for the same end, it is but natural that the *Post* should go to the relief of the *Gazette*. We have only to repeat that the *Gazette* can in no way do a decent thing by resigning the offices it holds at the hands of an administration it pronounces "a failure." These two journals having got together, we have no disposition to disturb their embraces.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

A letter from England says trips to the United States, on the part of English people of the better classes, seem likely to increase, many persons, since the close of the war, having manifested a disposition to visit the country and judge for themselves.

It is noticed as a remarkable fact that the Northern bishops who, twenty years ago, voted in favor of the right of the Southern church to its property, are now demanding that their title to the same shall be annulled—in other words, that the question shall be reopened and reagitated.

The machinery in the Treasury Department for printing greenbacks has not its like elsewhere. It has ever been the object of curiosity; but recently it has been found that counterfeiters have been among the persons admitted to see the machinery, and took drawings. In future the door will be locked.

Mr. Johnson, President of the Georgia Central Railroad, has made an arrangement with Gen. McCallum, whereby the Government is to furnish to the company, on credit, a sufficient quantity of iron to put the road in running order from Macon to Savannah, thereby completing rail communication between that point and the North.

In St. Louis the manufacturing establishments are running up to their full capacity. Orders come from every point of the compass. Machinery, stoves and furniture are in demand, and articles of all textures, metal, stone and wood, required by the return of our people to the peaceful pursuits of life, are displayed of in amounts that already overstep the statistics of any former period. No other season since 1860 can show an equal activity with the present.

The following is an extract from a letter from Constantinople, dated August 21, received in Boston: "The cholera is abating very much. Not less than 50,000 persons have died here of this terrible pestilence, although the published official reports make the number much less. I saw a copy of the genuine official report to the Grand Vizier, for the 11th of August, which was 1069 deaths. The published report for that day was 289!"

Says a New York letter: The Israelites are a representative people. One of our judges of the Supreme Court is of the chosen; lawyers, editors and merchants without number, besides those who buy and sell apparel of patriarchal age and saintly alertness. They appear occasionally in our police courts, for they have passions like other men; but seldom are on the pauper list. They are as good as Quakers about that, indeed, rather better; for the Quakers generally turn bankrupts and shiftless Friends out of the meeting.

Says a Washington letter:—A silly *canard* is the report that all the Southern troops are to be immediately withdrawn. You will observe what the President has done in Mississippi, and his policy will be the same in the other States. As they progress in the work of restoration, the troops will be gradually withdrawn until the States being fully prepared with their own military organization, no further necessity will exist for the presence of the National forces, and they will then be recalled altogether. Until the militia in the several States is complete, however, and the States in question have given undisputed proof of their loyalty, our forces will still occupy them to a certain extent as a precautionary measure.'

In a recent interview with Secretary Harlan, Judge Bigham remarked, hopefully, that "there had been occasionally some repinings and some manifestations of inimical feelings; that this, however, had almost totally disappeared, and that the good men of the country were vieing with each other in advancing the work of restoration; that all regarded the issues of the war as fully settled, and were rejoicing at the inauguration of the era of complete union and good feeling. The negro was held to be unconditionally and unquestionably free, and regarded with kindness and sympathy. He believed that a healthy public opinion existed there that would ensure him protection and justice. This was as much as he was authorized to say. No man had a right now to speak for Georgia, or commit her to any particular policy."

MARRIED:

MITCHELL—DUNCAN—On Tuesday evening, the 19th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by John G. Brown, D. D., Mr. JAMES H. MITCHELL and Miss NAN., daughter of Jackson Duncan, Esq.

DIED:

KIEFER—On Tuesday, September 19, CHARLES KIEFER aged 54 years and 5 months.

The funeral will take place THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, Spring Garden Run, Reserve township. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HOUSEKEEPERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.

Preserve your fruits with "Speer's Preserving Compound," and thereby save the expense of sugar and sealing jars.

One dollar's worth will preserve about 150 pounds of fruit. This compound is warranted to prevent decomposition in all kinds of fruit, and preserve it in a perfectly fresh and wholesome condition for years. Also, wine and cider can be kept for years at any desired age with this valuable compound. This article contains nothing that is injurious to health or objectionable in articles of diet. Sold by

N. McCLARRAN & CO., Druggists,
Wholesale and retail agents, 55 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street. se14

FEVER AND AGUE CAN BE CURED

As readily as any of the diseases. If you will use the right medicine. Certificates are being received every day from persons who have spent months endeavoring to effect a cure with various remedies, and who have been cured by a single bottle of

Fleming's Ague Cure,
Fleming's Ague and Fever Pills.

If one bottle does not succeed in breaking the chill, come back and get your money. For sale by all druggists.

J. Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 414 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fourth st.
J. Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fourth st.
J. Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fourth st.
Pittsburgh. Pittsburgh. Pittsburgh.
se21-11eAS

CLOTHING.

GREAT
CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
SUMMER CLOTHING.

The undersigned now offer the balance of their stock of SUMMER CLOTHING at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

In order to dispose of the same before the FALL TRADE sets in. At the same time we inform the public that we have already received a large and well assorted line of Goods, suitable for the FALL TRADE, consisting of Heavy, Dark and Light Colored

Cassimere Suits,
PANTS AND VESTS,
CASSIMERE AND FLANNEL SHIRTS,
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

We also have a great variety of
White Shirts; Hats;
Silk, Linen, and Cotton Handkerchiefs;
Linen and Paper Collars,
Neckties and Scarfs;
Kid, Leather, Woolen and
Cotton Gloves;
Silk and Cotton Suspenders;
Silk and Gingham Umbrellas,

And a great many articles, too numerous to be mentioned, all of which we are enabled to sell

Below Their Actual Value,

Owing to their being purchased before the late rise in goods. You will therefore find it to your interest by giving them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. GROSSMAYER & CO.,
47 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE THEATER.
se8

REVIVAL OF FALL TRADE.
SPLENDID STOCK OF
PIECE GOODS
OF RECENT IMPORTATION.
Also, a fine assortment of
READY-MADE
BUSINESS COATS AND SUITS,
Which we have on hand and are receiving daily.
AN ELEGANT BEAVER OVERCOAT
For $20, worth $45. Call and examine our stock.
WM. LADLAY & CO.
WM. LADLAY.....OWEN RYAN.
se6-3m

JOHN S. LEE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
And Dealer in
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
NO. 49 ST. CLAIR ST., PITTSBURGH.
my16

SILK & DRY GOODS JOBBERS
EDMUND YARD & CO.,
617 Chestnut and 614 Jayne Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Have just received from auction
500 PIECES FRENCH MERINOES,
300 PIECES ALL-WOOL DELAINES,
Which they offer to the trade
At a Small Advance.
au21-1m

BORING TOOLS AND HYDRALIC JACKS.
I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, made of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. I have also the celebrated Hydralic Jacks, (Blackwood's patent,) for raising vertically or horizontally 4, 7, 10 or 15 tons. Please examine them.
CHARLES MAGGI, Agent,
J n19-T,T&S 113 Third street.

PERSONAL.

—The largest income in Columbus is that of L. Goodale, $67,213. Postmaster General Dennison pays tax on an income of $13,788; G. Volney Dorsey on $4,268; Judge Swayne on $3,851; Joseph H. Gilger on $8,974, and Sam. Galloway on $610. Forty-five persons report incomes of over $10,000. The total number of income-tax payers is over 2,000.

—General Spinner, the faithful guardian of the United States Treasury, has taken a furlough and gone to visit his home in New York. The following is related of him: "I remember the fever into which the old gentleman was once thrown by a mistake of five thousand dollars, made in the count by a female clerk of a package of notes received during the seven-thirty loan, from one of the New York banks. The clerk had carelessly thrown aside the little strips of paper pinned around each package, and labeled with its amount, date of counting, etc., and when she found the whole sum forwarded by the bank only twenty-five thousand dollars, instead of the thirty thousand dollars, which the bank had charged, she was without a clew to the date or place of counting.

"The packages had been received in New York from the country correspondents of the bank, and forwarded without recounting, on the faith of the accuracy of the sum marked on the strip of paper surrounding each package. The New York bank, without that strip, was unable to ascertain from what correspondent any particular package had been received, or to trace the error. The Treasurer was, therefore, powerless, and it looked as if there was to be a loss of $5,000. He promptly said that he would make it up out of his private means. The poor girls who had done the counting in the Department were frightened out of their wits, and hysterics, for a day or two, came as nearly ruling as arithmetic. To the surprise of every one, by some accident, one of the country correspondents of the New York bank discovered an error of $5,000 in one of its returns, and forwarded the missing package next day. When it was shown that the error was not in his department the old treasurer was the best satisfied and the proudest man in Washington. He had been four years stirring to be able to say that he had gone through the payments for the greatest and most expensive war on record, without an error of a dollar, and his work was not lost. He can say that now."

—The Rochdale *Observer*, which is understood to be the special organ of John Bright, states that it is not true that the distinguished gentleman is about to pay a visit to the United States. We trust that this may be interpreted to mean only that the time for his visit is not so near at hand as has been reported.

—The Earl of Aberdeen and another member of the English aristocracy are at present making a tour in two little canoes on the rivers and canals of Holland, Belgium and Germany. The canoes have light bamboo masts and calico sails, and double-bladed paddles, and, being only about fifteen feet long, are transported, when needful, in the baggage vans of the railways. For shorter distances both boats can be carried easily by the travelers themselves, one of which is charged for the service of the Danube, taking his canoe through the Black Forest to the Tilsee, with the intention of returning by the Swiss lakes to the rivers of France.

FOR RENT—
A NEW BRICK HOUSE,
OF FIVE ROOMS.
In the Seventh Ward. Inquire at 103 Fourth street, or 231 Centre avenue. se21-1f

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.
A BRICK DWELLING,
No. 200 Wylie street. Two dwellings on Webster st., near the head of Seventh st. W. H. M. PUSEY, N. H. PUSEY.
Executors of the estate of Nathan Pusey, deceased.
For terms inquire of WILLIS BOOTH, 132 Liberty street. se21-tf

PURE
Malt Vinegar,
Unequalled for pickling purposes. Fifty barrels just received and for sale, at manufacturer's prices, by
WM. A. McCLURG
se21-2t Manufacturer's Agent, 63 Wood street.

FOR SALE
A BOAT,
Suitable for a trading boat, or boarding house at the oil regions; is well finished, being lined and painted inside and out. She can be seen at Sharpsburg. For terms call on the undersigned, at Sharpsburg.
se21-1w JACOB KLINEFELTER.

FOR SALE—
A Photograph Gallery,
On one of the principal business streets of Pittsburgh. Complete set of instruments already furnished. For particulars address "PHOTOGRAPHS," Commercial office, Pittsburgh. se21-1w

OPENING.
MRS. M. KITCHIN,
Will open, on SATURDAY, the 23d inst., an elegant assortment of new and fashionable
MILLINERY,
At No. 100 Federal street, Allegheny City. se21-4t

FOURTH WARD.
Tax-payers of Allegheny Take Notice.
Public notice is hereby given that the County Tax, assessed on the persons occupation, and property of said Ward, will be due and payable at the office of Washington street, and must be paid in thirty days from this date, or delinquents will be proceeded against according to law. ROBERT BOYLE.
September 20, 1865. se21-1w

OFFICE OF THE CHERRY RUN CENTRAL OIL CO.,
PITTSBURGH, September 20, 1865.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this company will be held at its office on
MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1865, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M., for the purpose of electing officers for ensuing year, and transacting any business that may be brought before it. A full attendance is requested.
se21-1d WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.

9TH WARD MACHINE WORKS.
De Knight, Carroll & Co.,
Manufacturers of
Steam Engines, Shafting, Pulleys, and all kinds of Mill Work.
Roll turning, &c. Always on hand a supply of ready made threshing and horse powers. Also, the improved Patent Screw Jack for Oil Boring. All orders promptly executed. No. 886 Penn st., Pittsburgh. se21-3m

H. F. AGNEW. JNO. D. MCORD. JAS. S. MCORD.
PENN BOILER WORKS.
Cor. Carson and Butler streets, Ninth Ward.
D. F. Agnew & Co.,
MANUFACTURE AND REPAIR
All kinds of Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks, Agitators, Bleaching and Salt Pans, and Sheet Iron Work.
se21-3m

TO CAPITALISTS.
320 Acres of first-class prairie land now ready to be laid out into lots—the railroad station is already established—worth $30,000, can be bought for $20,000, cash.
Also, 1,000 acres of good prairie and timber land in Illinois, at a great bargain.
And 2,000 acres choice prairie land in Iowa.
And $15,000 worth of town property in Mendota, Illinois.
Any of the above property will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for merchandise at cash prices.
For further particulars address
se21-1w J. AUGUSTINE, Mendota, Illinois.

THE ANDERSON HOUSE FOR SALE, situated in the town of Saltsburg. The lot has a front on Washington street of 64 feet, and extends back 250 feet to an alley, on which is erected the large hotel known as the Anderson House, which is now doing a large and profitable business. Also, a large stable, which will accommodate 40 horses; ice house and other out buildings. This being the principal hotel in the town, offers superior inducements to any man of energy to make a fortune. Is offered at the low figure of $5,500. Payments to suit purchaser. Apply to
se21 R. McLAIN & CO., 107 Fourth street.

FORT PITT
BOILER, STILL AND TANK
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
Manufacturers of
Tubular, Double-flued, Tubular
Fire-box & Cylinder Steam Boilers,
CHIMNEYS, BRITCHEN, FIRE BEDS, ASH PANS, STEAM PIPE, SALT PANS, IRON BRIDGES,
OIL STILLS, OIL TANKS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, CONDENSERS, PRISON DOORS, GASOMETERS, STEAM BOILERS.
Office and Works, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets,
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. se21-3m

STARLING
MEDICAL COLLEGE,
COLUMBUS, OHIO.
The Nineteenth regular session commences WEDNESDAY, October 18, 1865, and ends March 1, 1866. Clinical Lectures on Practical Medicine and Surgery will be given regularly throughout the winter at St. Francis Hospital, in the College Building. This hospital was opened August 1, and already has a large number of patients. Students will also have advantage of ethnical instruction in the hospital of the Ohio Penitentiary.

FACULTY.
S. M. SMITH, M. D., Professor Principles and Practice.
FRANCIS CARTER, M. D., Professor Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JOHN DAWSON, M. D., Professor Anatomy and Physiology.
J. W. HAMILTON, M. D., Professor Surgery—Eye and Ear Surgery.
THEO. G. WORMLEY, M. D., Professor Chemistry and Toxicology.
STARLING LOVING, M. D., Professor Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
J. S. GAIRD, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES.
Full Course.....$60 00
Matriculation (paid but once).....5 00
Graduation.....30 00
Demonstrator's Ticket.....5 00
Students on their arrival, by calling at the office of the Demonstrator of Anatomy, or upon the Janitor at the College, will be assisted in procuring suitable lodgings. For circulars or additional information, address
se21-eod1w FRANCIS CARTER, M. D., Dean.

MANN'S PATENT PARCHMENT,
COPYING BOOKS,
DRAY BOOKS,
CHECK BOOKS,
ADAMS' EXPRESS RECEIPT BOOKS,
TIME BOOKS,
NOTE BOOKS, and
DRAFT BOOKS.
ALL KINDS OF
STATIONERY AND BLANK BOOKS,
—AT—
MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,
se21-1t 39 FIFTH STREET.

ROSS OIL COMPANY.
At a meeting of the stockholders of the Ross Oil Co., held at their office on the 9th inst., the capital stock of the company was, by a unanimous vote of all present, increased 25,000 shares. Stockholders will please take notice, and call and take out their pro rata share of the new stock, as it is necessary to have funds immediately to carry on the work now on hand. By order of the Board. ROBT. WRAY, Jr., Secretary.
se16-6t

EGGS.—7 BBLS. FRESH EGGS, for sale by
my23 GEORGE B. JONES & CO., 141 Water street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOLDIERS' MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.
A meeting of the Monument Association will be held at the Board of Trade rooms THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. A full attendance of the Committees on Cooperation, Design and Location, and Finance is requested.
se21-1t A. L. PEARSON, Secretary pro. tem.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD of Managers of the Allegheny Cemetery, on the 16th of September, 1865, the following resolutions were offered by Dr. Speer, and unanimously passed:

Resolved, That this Board, fully concurring in the laudable object of the Association recently organized to erect a monument, in the vicinity of Pittsburgh, to the memory of the deceased soldiers from Western Pennsylvania who have fallen in the late war, hereby tender to the Association the large circular lot on Ridge avenue, occupying one of the most conspicuous and beautiful sites in the cemetery, and being in their estimation more suitable and appropriate to that noble and patriotic purpose than any other in the neighborhood, not only on account of its tasteful surroundings, but from the fact that so many of the valiant intended to be honored already sleep within the same inclosure.

Resolved, That the Association be respectfully requested to depute a committee to visit the grounds and decide upon the relative claim of this and other sites, before final action is taken on the subject.

Resolved, That the Secretary of this Board be instructed to hand to the President of the Association a copy of the foregoing resolutions.
se21-2t N. DIKE, Secretary.

FOR RENT—
A NEW BRICK HOUSE,
OF FIVE ROOMS.
In the Seventh Ward. Inquire at 103 Fourth street, or 231 Centre avenue. se21-1f

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.
A BRICK DWELLING,
No. 200 Wylie street. Two dwellings on Webster st., near the head of Seventh st. W. H. M. PUSEY, N. H. PUSEY.
Executors of the estate of Nathan Pusey, deceased.
For terms inquire of WILLIS BOOTH, 132

The Daily Commercial

MIDSUMMER.

BY R. W. EMERSON.

Around this lovely valley rise
The purple hills of Paradise.

Oh, softly on you banks of haze
Her rosy face the Summer lays!

Becalmed along the azure sky,
The argosies of cloud lie by,
Whose shores, with many a shining rift,
Fay off their pearl-white peaks uplift.

Through all the long midsummer day
The tired winds subdue their way;
I seek the coolest sheltered seat,
Just where the field and forest meet—
Where grow the pine-trees tall and bland,
The ancient oaks austere and grand,
And fringy roots and pebbles fret
The ripples of the rivulet.

I watch the mowers as they go
Through the tall grass, a white sleeved row;
With even strokes their scythes they swing,
In tune their merry whetstones ring;
Behind the nimbler youngsters run
And toss the thick swaths in the sun:
The cattle graze; while, warm and still
Slopes the broad pasture, bucks the hill,
And bright, when summer breezes break
The green wheat crinkles like a lake.

The butterfly and bumble-bee
Come to the pleasant woods with me:
Quickly before me runs the quail,
The chickens skulk behind the rail,
High up the lone wood-pigeon sits,
And the woodpecker pecks and flits,
Sweet woodland music sinks and swells,
The brooklet rings its tinkling bells,
The swarming insects drone and hum,
The partridge beats his throbbing drum,
The squirrel leaps among the boughs,
And chatters in his leafy house,
The oriole flashes by; and, look!
Into the mirror of the brook,
Where the vain blue-bird trims his coat,
Two tiny feathers fall and float.

As silently, as tenderly,
The dawn of peace descends on me.
Oh, this is peace! I have no need
Of friends to talk, of books to read;
A dear Companion here abides—
Close to my thrilling heart He hides;
The holy silence is His voice:
I lie and listen, and rejoice.

Dramatic and Musical Miscellany.

Miss Charlotte Thompson is the star at Wood's theatre, Cincinnati, this week.

The new vocalist, Parepa, has met with unqualified success in her concert in New York.

Lawrence Barrett is delighting the patrons of McVicker's theatre, Chicago, with his performance of the "legitimate," this week.

Miss Ettie Henderson is playing at the Rock Island, Illinois, theatre, where she is very popular.

Miss Susan Denin is performing at O'Hara's theatre, Titusville, and is supported by Mr. E. R. Dalton, a promising actor, formerly attached to the Pittsburgh theatre.

Mr. S. F. Chanfrau is at the Metropolitan theatre, Indianapolis, where he has been playing in S. A. M., together with the author of the comedy, Mr. De Walden.

The Keans are now in the last week of their highly successful engagement at the Broadway, New York. On Monday next, the famous Madame Celeste will appear in a new melodrama, called "The Woman in Red."

Mrs. Julia Dean Hayne, assisted by Manager Potter's troupe from Idaho, was at last accounts playing four nights a week in the Salt Lake theatre, to the great delight of Brigham Young and his families.

The operatic season will begin next Monday, most probably with "Ione," as previously announced. The latest instalment of Maretzek's imported artists reached New York on Saturday, having come over the sea by the Liverpool and Boston steamer.

Edwin Adams, the distinguished young tragedian, who will play an engagement with Manager Henderson shortly, has produced a new drama entitled "The Serf," at the Arch street theatre, Philadelphia, which is pronounced an attractive and pleasing play.

The Ravels are at Niblo's, New York. The present Ravel troupe includes the venerable yet agile brothers Gabriel and Antoine, and their remarkable little pupil "Young America." Among the dancers are Signorin Pepita, a Dutch performer named Van Hamme, and the old favorites, the Mantellis, Marzetti, Axtel and Lehman.

At Louisville, Kentucky, Miss Mary Mitchell concluded her engagement at Wood's theatre on Saturday evening. She appeared on Wednesday evening as Madaline, in the sensational play of the "Belle of Faubourg." Miss Leo Hudson is doing a brilliant business at the Louisville, where Mr. R. Macauley has been playing in "St. Rose, of Lima," and other kindred plays.

Mrs. John Wood has re-appeared at the theatre in New York as piquant and pretty as ever. One critic says: "She dashed into the arena more dazzling to the senses than any of the diamonds that she wore were to the sight. She danced, sang, romped and laughed with the old time *abandon*. The audience, enraptured, applauded everything. The impulse to be comical, odd, and contradictory was full upon her."

At New York the theatrical season has set in in good earnest. "Arrah-na-Pogue" finished a long and most brilliant run at Niblo's Garden on Saturday evening, the theatre having been engaged by the Ravels after Monday. "Arrah" has been running uninterruptedly since July 12. At the Winter Garden Mr. J. S. Clarke has been playing Major de Boots, and Toodles. The Olympic was opened on Thursday evening with Brougham's "Pocahontas" and "The Captain of the Watch"—Mrs. Wood as the Indian princess. The theatre has been much improved in appearance during the vacation, and the company has been increased.

Wallack's Theatre, New York, will open on Thursday, after a vacation in which it has been thoroughly renovated. Already the heart of fashionable New York delights in the pleasurable expectation, for the season is not formally commenced until the Wallack company have won their first laurels. The play promised for the opening night is a new and original drama by Tom Taylor, entitled "The Serf." The play will be produced with new scenery, dresses, appointments, incidental music and a cast of great strength and completeness. A five act comedy, by Collier Clifford, revised and altered for the present stage, a grand romantic drama and a new five act comedy are also in preparation. The company includes all the old favorites at Wallack's, and among the new ones we find the following: Messrs. Lester Wallack, John Gilbert, Mark Smith, Young, E. L. Davenport, Charles Fisher, W. Holston, George Holland and John Sefton. Mrs. Mary Gannon, Mrs. Vernon, Miss Jane Burke, Mrs. John Sefton, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Fanny Morant, Mrs. Jennings and Miss Mary Barrett.

The following gossip is from the Philadelphia correspondence of the *Round Table*: Edwin Booth, the distinguished tragedian, is to be married next month to a handsome young lady of this city, daughter of a well known and immensely wealthy importer of perfumes and fancy goods. Shortly after his marriage he will appear on the stage, for the first time since the great disgrace brought upon his family by his traitor brother Wilkes. Independently, however, of such a consideration, his return to the stage cannot but be joyfully hailed by all lovers of the great bard of Avon. No little scandal has been created in our fashionable circles by the late marriage of a popular young *soubrette* actress, long the charm of one of our city theatres. This young girl was much admired and her receptions were attended by many of our leading "society men." One of the latter, a physician of the city of Brotherly Love, went so far as to invest in jewelry to the extent of $1,200, which he presented to his fair inamorata. But money cannot accomplish all things, and casting aside all the wealth and refinement around her, has united her destiny to that of a clog dancer attached to one of our negro minstrel troupes. "Society" is hugely amused at the expense of her former swains.

The *Commercial Advertiser* of Monday says: "The opening sale by subscription of seats in the Academy of Music is, we learn, unexpectedly large, considering the fact that the hot weather still keeps out of town so large a number of the regular habitues of the opera. Intense as the heat has been, all places of amusement are crowded, and Mr. Maretzek may accept the omen as especially propitious for himself. His company is large and fine, and has been in every part most admirably reinforced. For the refractory chorus singers he has substituted others selected in London—a well-drilled chorus—who teach a lesson to the strikers of last winter that they are not so indispensible as they supposed. Then the orchestra has been increased, and is now individually, and as a whole, much stronger than heretofore. The interior of the Academy has also been much improved, and many judicious changes have been made. Among the new operas is "L'Africaine," the posthumous work of Meyerbeer, and two comic operas, "Crispino e la Comare," and "Il Folletto di Gressy," by Petrella. Mr. Maretzek will give opera from the 25th of September until the middle of December. The sale of tickets at the down-town offices will commence on Thursday. The new campaign opens auspiciously, both for the public and the manager, and a season rich in musical opportunities is beforegus."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ FOR MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS Matthews' VENETIAN HAIR DYE has stood the test of trial, and is constantly increasing in public favor.

The VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best and cheapest made. Its price is only 75 cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THE HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process, which renders it infinitely superior to any dye in the market. Being complete in one bottle, no preparation is required, and consequently simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that RUSTY, DRAB appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used, as it produces a perfectly natural color of any shade that is desired, from a rich brown to a lasting, lustrous black, that will not stain, crock or smirch the clothing. It cost 75 cents, and you will be convinced. Sold by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. A. MATTHEWS, Manufacturer.

DURAND BARNES & Co., New York, Wholesale Agts. se22-1y

PITTSBURGH GALVANIZING IRON WORKS.

The undersigned are prepared to Galvanize SHEET IRON, HOOP IRON, COAL HODS, SPIKES, WIRE, NAILS, RIVETS, GAS PIPE, and all kinds of steamboat and other wrought and cast iron work, at the shortest notice, and in the most durable style.

McVOY & CO.,
Corner of Bluff and Gist streets,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

ly8-3m

INSURANCE.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY.
Fire and Marine Insurance.
Office No. 93 Water street, Pittsburgh.
jan1-y P. A. MAFERIA, Agent.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, No. 37 Fifth street Bank Block.
Insures again, stall kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
ISAAC JONES, President.
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FOR THE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA AND SEMINAL WEAKNESS.
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Office hours—7 to 10 A. M., 1½ to 3, and 6 to 8 P. M.
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DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

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25 half barrels do
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Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information, deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
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A valuable piece of Property, situate on Virgin alley, between Smithfield and Grant streets, the same being 58 feet front on Virgin alley, running back 110 feet towards Sixth street, on which there are erected four-four BRICK DWELLINGS, all of which are in a good tenable condition. For further particulars enquire of
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DWELLING HOUSE AND TWO LOTS OF GROUND, in Allegheny City, for sale, front upon Robinson street (near to Federal) 50 feet, and extending back along Bank lane 65 feet. The dwelling is of two stories, with high stone basement—9 rooms in all—large cellar. This property can be bought low.
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FOR SALE
AT REDUCED PRICES,
7 by 20 inches OIL ENGINES, full 12 horse power, with boilers 14 feet long 32 inches diameter by
M. DARRAGH & CO.,
Engine builders and off tool manufacturers, at Pallan, Beaver County, Pennsylvania. my9

LAND FOR SALE.----330 ACRES, a partly adjoining the village of Damascus, and all of it near Damascus Station, P. W. & C. R. R. Mahoning county, Ohio, and 76 miles west of Pittsburgh. Soil generally deep, sandy loam. A large portion in cultivation, and mostly well watered. Some parts pretty well timbered. For sale in large or small tracts to suit purchasers. Apply to EDWARD WILLIAMS or JOHN BUTLER, Damascusville, Mahoning county, Ohio. au30-1sep30

OIL LAND—A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.—The undersigned having some three thousand acres of
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PITHOLE TERRITORY.
Ninety acres of land on Pithole Creek, 5 miles above the Homestead. Well, and one mile from Neilsburg; it is part of tract No. 179, Allegheny township, Venango county, Pa. Will be sold for building lots, consisting of good territory, and will be divided into lots to suit purchasers. Price low.
Titusville, Warren county, Pa.
September 7, 1865. se11-2w

500 ACRES OF COAL
FOR SALE.
ON THE
THIRD POOL, MONONGAHELA RIVER,
With about One Hundred Acres of surface.
JAMES O'HARA,
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FOR SALE—FOR SALE—FOR SALE.—A well known Negley Run Property Farm, of about 100 acres, under a high state of cultivation, which has been divided into lots containing from 2 to 12 acres and will be sold as a whole or in parcels, to suit purchasers. The improvements are, a two story frame dwelling, a barn, and stone spring house, with an excellent spring of water, not excelled in Allegheny county. There is also a choice variety of fruit, consisting of apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, quinces, &c., &c. A portion of the property is underlaid with coal, and is well watered with springs and running streams. For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES,
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DWELLINGS, &c.,
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The Chiff, the late residence of Dr. Robert A. Wilson, finely situated on Coal Hill, at the head of the bend of the Mt. Washington Pike, in south Pittsburgh. The house is neat and commodious, of easy access, and has an abundance of fruit, with a never failing supply of water, cisterns, fruit, &c. Possession, April 1, 1866.
Also, a two story brick house and lot, 20 feet 9 in. by 80 feet 6 in., No. 22 Ludgate, Lombard let between Smithfield and Grant streets, the same being in good tenable condition. For further particulars enquire of
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Departs.		Arrives.	
Day Express	2:50 a m	Mail	1:20 a m
Mail Accommodn	5:30 a m	Fast Line	2:00 a m
Phila. & Erie Mail	1:30 p m	Phila. & Erie Mail	12:50 p m
Phila. Express	4:30 p m	Baltimore Expr's	1:20 p m
Fast Line	9:30 p m	Phila. Express	2:30 p m
Johnstown Acc'n	3:00 p m	Johnstown Acc'n	10:05 a m
1st Wall Station	6:30 a m	1st Wall Station	8:25 a m
2d "	11:40 a m	2d "	8:30 a m
3d "	4:30 p m	3d "	2:05 p m
4th "	6:05 p m	4th "	6:50 p m
Penn Accommdn	10:30 p m	Penn Accomm'd'n	7:50 a m

The church train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:00 a. m., returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:00 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	2:10 a m	Express	2:30 p m
Express	7:00 p m	Express	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	2:50 p m
Mail	7:00 a m	Mail	8:30 p m
N. Castle & Erie	6:40 a m	N. Castle & Erie	8:30 p m

New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny depot at 9:00 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 3:45 p. m., and 6:00 p. m. Arrives at 10:00 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 4:45 p. m., and 6:00 p. m. Rochester, 2:15 p. m.; New Castle, 2:50 p. m.; Economy, 11:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	2:10 a m	Express	2:10 a m
Express	2:45 p m	Express	3:45 p m
Express	6:10 a m	Mail	9:00 p m
Mail	6:00 p m		

Steubenville Accommodation leaves Allegheny at 3:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:55 a m	Mail	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	10:40 a m
1st McKeesport	11:00 a m	1st McKeesport	6:30 a m
2d "	6:15 p m	2d "	1:30 p m
1st Braddock's	7:00 a m	1st Braddock's	8:20 a m
2d "	4:15 p m	2d "	5:40 p m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Leaves.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:00 a. m.	Express	9:30 a. m.
Express	4:30 p. m.	Mail	7:00 p. m.
Accommodation	2:00 p. m.	Accommodation	8:00 a. m.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,

Third door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny Pa. ap15. Branch Store at Salem, Ohio.

TOBACCO.

On hand and for sale, a complete assortment of **Ohio Seed Leaf Fillers and Wrappers,** Mason county and other grades, Cutting Lugs, fine bright Cutting Leaf, and all grades bright and dark manufacturing Fillers and Wrappers.

Orders for leaf promptly and carefully executed.

RICHARD MALLAY,

mh31-1y 192 West Second st., Cincinnati, O.

NEW TOBACCO HOUSE.

BAKER, SMITH & CO.,

Dealers at wholesale in

TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, ETC.,

No. 297 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh Pa.

Storage can be had by applying at 297 Liberty ap7-1y

PRINTING.

W. S. HAVEN,

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTER,

PAPER DEALER AND STATIONER,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

BOOK BINDING of all styles, from the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style.

LITHOGRAPHY.

The oldest and largest establishment in the West. **Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street,** PITTSBURGH.

Among our facilities for elegant and expeditious work, we have all the late improvements in Lithography, and while our work will compare favorably with steel engraving, the great difference in price is a strong inducement to give Lithography the preference. au7 KREES & BRO.

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,

BOOK PUBLISHERS,

are prepared to do BOOK PRINTING BOOK BINDING in all styles from the plainest to the most costly, and make

BLANK BOOKS

to order, which they will warrant to give satisfaction in every respect. Orders may be left at their store, No. 79 Wood street, or at their Printing House and Book Bindery, No. 96 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. to30

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DABBS' PHOTOGRAPHS.

Having completed all the arrangements for

PHOTOGRAPHING,

in all the various styles of the art, Mr. DABBS would respectfully call the attention of the public to

HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

Nos. 46 and 48 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh,

where he is now prepared to make, at shortest possible notice, PHOTOGRAPHS from the Card de Visite to life size,

COLORED IN INK, OIL, OR WATER COLORS,

His reception Room is on the ground floor, a very desirable feature, where he has a

Large Lot of Very Fine Photographs,

which are open for inspection to the public.

The entire establishment is fitted up in the most approved Eastern style.

Remember the place.

B. L. H. DABBS,

jy28 No. 46 and 48 St. Clair st., Pittsburgh.

SEWING MACHINES.

ERNEST AXTHELM, No. 103 THIRD street, Pittsburgh, Agent for PLAYNER & KANE'S

Noiseless-Patent Sewing Machines.

These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are warranted, and sold at the Lowest Prices. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to. se30-1y

WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA

Express and Exchange Company,

84 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Freight and small packages received for California and the Pacific Coast.

California Coupons bought or collected.

Collections made and commissions executed in the Pacific States.

Exchange for sale on London, Dublin, Paris and San Francisco.

Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London issued to travelers, exchangable for Circular Letters payable in all parts of Europe.

Persons going abroad will find this the most convenient as well as *the safest* way of providing themselves with funds.

Also, Letters of Credit on our San Francisco house, for which they will issue Circular Letters payable at any of our offices in California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, and British Columbia.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to San Francisco and all accessible points in the Pacific States.

California and Nevada Mining and other Stocks bought and sold on Commission by telegraph.

jy21-6m WELLS, FARGO & CO.

GROCERIES.

50 Bags Prime and Common Coffee;
10 Mats Java Coffee;
100 Barrels Sirups, various brands;
10 Puncheons P. R. Molasses;
100 Lbls Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars;
25 Bbls Porto Rico Molasses;

With a general stock of fine groceries, on hand and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,

Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin streets. au26

CHARLES DUFFIELDS,

BEST SUGAR-CURED HAMS,

In store and for sale by COOK BROS. & CO.,

by28 No. 12 Smithfield street.

PRODUCE.—

50 bbls. Green Apples;
2 " " Peaches;
2 " " Pears;
2,000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour. In store and for sale by J. M. DILWORTH & CO.,

Nos. 190 and 192 Second street.

20 HHDS. PRIME P. R. SUGAR.

15 hhds prime Cuba Sugar,
40 bbls. assorted brands Syrup; together with a full assortment of goods in our line. For sale by GEO. B. JONES & CO.,

my29 141 and 143 Water street.

30 DRUMS VIRGINIA TWIST,

Will be sold very low, for cash.

Inquire of ROBERT E. WEIDELL,

Corner of smithfield and Water streets, Opposite the Monongahela House

se6

OFFICE WINDOW-SHADES—

Of a new stripe, for sale at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth street. JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

au29

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

J. M. TIERNAN, Pres't. | SAM McCLEAN, Jr., V. P.
S. S. BRYAN, Secretary.

Meets Daily at 10½ o'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS SEPT. 20, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Asked
Allegheny County 6's	72 50	.....
Pittsburgh 6's	97 50	.....
Allegheny 6's	96 00	.....
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago R. R.	80 50	.....
Connellsville 6's	90 00	.....
Lawrence County 6's	.....	80 00
Cash Insurance	.....	52 50
Eureka "	5 00	7 50
Allegheny Valley R. R.	.....	130 00
Fourth National Bank of Commerce	.....	120 00
National Bank of Commerce	104 00	.....
People's National Bank	.....	120 00
Tradesman's "	.....	85 00
Allegheny and Pittsburgh Oil	.....	6 00
Murrin	.....	75
Ohio Valley	.....	30
Pittsburgh and Philadelphia	.....	1 00
Philadelphia, Lancaster & Cherry Run	.....	1 15
Phœnix	.....	1 10
Raleigh	1 00	.....
Phillips	.....	2 00
Germania	.....	4 00
Franklin and Sandy Coal and Oil Co.	.....	75
Muskingum	.....	50
Coal Bluffs Mining Co.	.....	1 50
Jones, Ferry Co.	.....	61 00

Gold at 11 A. M., 143¾.

WEDNESDAY, September 20—P. M.

The local money market is very active, and rates are from seven to ten per cent. It is well supplied with capital, and bankers have plenty of offerings at their counters. Nearly all branches of business are animated, and the Fall season bids fair to be one of unprecedented profit to our wholesale houses. Purchasers are evincing confidence in the future, which is brightening up, and they hope to dispose of what they are now laying in at remunerative profit.

—The local stock market to-day was almost devoid of a single transaction, and the board of sales of fifty shares of Columbia at 25¾—a slight improvement.

—The redemption of the notes of the National Banks is an important matter which is exciting considerable discussion in financial quarters. The Secretary of the Treasury has expressed the opinion that the National Banks ought to redeem their bills at the commercial centers, and that a system which shall compel, when it will not be done voluntarily, a redemption at such points, is needed to give uniform value to the notes of these banks, and that the practical effect of such a system, would be quite advantageous to the people, and also to the National Banks, as a whole. A salutary check of this kind seems to be required to neutralize, to some extent, the evils of the unduly expanded currency, or at least to prevent their increase to points of greater danger. The notes of these banks have reached an aggregate of one hundred and eighty-three millions of dollars; one hundred and twenty millions more will be issued in a very short time, the full amount authorized by Congress for the whole of the United States. The National Bank currency will cost the country no less than eighteen millions of dollars a year in gold, and if the national banks cannot make some efficient and immediate arrangements to redeem their notes, the inflation which must result may, perhaps, cause their privileges to be revoked.

In former peaceful periods, the entire issues of bank note circulation, for the whole country, were only two hundred and fifty millions of dollars. Gold and silver coin have since come out of use, as money, except for clearing-houses at the Custom House, interest on the public debt, and remittances to foreign countries; but the substitutes for this gold money is not far from one thousand millions of dollars, in legal tender, national bank notes and bank bills, made necessary no doubt as one of the results of suppressing the rebellion, but as that object has been happily accomplished, measures should be adopted, at an early day, to reduce this enormously redundant currency.

—The last weekly bank statement of the New York city banks is as follows:

	Sept. 9.	Sept. 16.	
Loans	$21,189,842	$215,252,300	Inc. $1,337,539
Specie	23,253,524	14,060,430	Inc. 838,93
Circulation	8,314,142	9,100,850	Inc. 29,408
Deposits	175,535,351	177,477,100	Inc. 1,941,749
Legal Tender	50,320,324	43,453,245	Dec. 2,167,079

—The following comparative statement shows the average condition of the leading items of the Philadelphia banks for the past and previous week:

	Last week.	This week.
Capital	$14,442,300	$14,442,300
Loans	29,907,734	29,807,734 Inc $268,501
Deposits	1,009,635	1,052,885 Inc. 4,360
Legal Tenders	13,680,735	13,809,935 Dec. 326,229
Specie	972,685	87,186 Dec. 385,499
Circulation	7,007,727	7,014,464 Inc. 6,837

The bank averages the past week ruled quite evenly except in the item of legal-tender notes, which declined $326,229. The loans, the specie, the deposits and circulation, all increased but to a small extent.

—The Boston *Advertiser* says: There is unquestionably a strong market for copper mining shares, and the outside demand, noticed a few days since, continues with undiminished vigor. The daily session of the board is extended about ¼ of an hour longer in order to give the members opportunity to transact the increased business. It is the opinion of shrewd men that the rise will not only continue, but that a very animated market will result from the large accession of new purchasers who have taken advantage of the very low selling prices throughout the entire list, and the steady improvement with such a material increase in the volume of business that the daily session of the board naturally attracts attention of many old operators and also changed the tactics of the "bears" to the "bulls" during the last week or two in the market.

—The total value of imports at Boston for the week ending September 16, is as $862,228, against $696,478 during the corresponding week in 1864. Total since January 1, $29,170,703. Average amount per week $840,294.

The total value of exports from Boston for the week among September 16, including specie, was $387,283, against $1,035,226 for the corresponding week in 1864.

—In the purchase of government bonds it is well to examine whether their numbers have not been altered. In several cases where bonds have been stolen the numbers have been changed by inserting one or two additional figures, before or after the original numbers. The Treasury Department has issued circular order caution on the part of purchasers especially necessary.

—The new ten cent fractional currency is circulating. The pieces are a little larger than the old tens, and shorter than the twenty-five cent slips. Upon the face is a medallion head of Washington, with a factory chimney and a ship's rigging on either side, and a figure in gilt, in four places; the face is of a red color, and the figures in the back green. They are printed on bank-note paper, and promise to be more durable than the present currency.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL.
THURSDAY, September 21, 1865.

BUSINESS.—We have nothing very new to note in regard to the leading articles of trade. The demand for certain descriptions is on the increase; prices, however, with few exceptions, have undergone no change. The receipts of produce continue restricted, particularly of grain. Our rivers are again in fine navigable order to all points; in fact, the low water prophets will have to submit to another postponement on account of the weather. The present rise of water is town general. On the Allegheny it appears to have reached the head waters. The consequence will be that before the close of the week we shall be in receipt of a supply of lumber and shingles from the various streams that find their way to the swift Alleghany, so that between oil and lumber the time will soon be on this river for some time to come, besides it will bring to market a much needed article, viz: Shingles and lumber which will be exchanged for Greenbacks, when the sturdy lumbermen, after leaving a few hundreds among our merchants, will prepare to go up their native stream, re-plenish, &c. In the landings—both the Monongahela and Allegheny—trade was brisk. On the former we notice a fair amount of shipments of Pittsburgh currency, viz: iron and nails. The Leonidas was taking on board a large cargo. She will be followed by the Armenia who comes next in turn. The Dictator took her departure at noon with a fine trip. The Forest City left for Parkersburg, on time. The Gleaner will be found at the foot of Wood street, this morning. At noon she will cut loose for Parkersburg and intermediate ports. The Citizen did not get off for St. Paul. She is announced for this day. The new and pretty steamer Minnie is receiving for St. Louis. She is announced for Saturday. The far-famed Camelia, Capt. Dean, leaves to-day for Cincinnati. A word to the wise is sufficient. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice.

GRAIN.—The market was not very active, and the sales of small lots only were made; there were not very extensive. We note sales 20 bush at $1 ⅜ bush. Oats were in moderate demand for the season; 400 bush from store sold to-day and old. Barley was more inquired for; we note sales 1,100 bush, part to arrive, at $1 ⅜ bushel. Wheat was in very irregular demand; we note sales of 4 car loads No. 1 Chicago at $1 70@1 75. Corn dull, with sales 600 bush at 70@72 ⅜ bush.

WHISKEY.—Was steady; sales of 30 bbls from store, in lots, at $2 25@2 30 per gallon.

BUTTER.—Was in fair demand; sales of 50 bbls at $2 75, from store; sales were made at depot at $2 30@2 35.

BUTTER.—Scarce and in demand. The supply being very light, holders are enabled to obtain just what figures they choose to demand. Sales were made at 27@28c; also sales of 10 packages, fresh packed, at 30c.

EGGS.—Scarce and wanted. Sales of 5 bbls at 24c per dozen.

HAY.—The supply being light, prices rule high. At the sales 20 loads were disposed of at $17 50@20 00 per ton.

FLOUR.—The market continues to rule firm, with a steady demand for the better descriptions. So far as relates to prices, we have no changes to note. Extra Family.—Sales of 100 bbls winter wheat at $10 00@10 25; 200 bbls do at $10; 10 @10 25@10 37½; do, very choice, at $10 40. Sales of 140 bbls spring wheat, at $9@9 25 per bbl. Country brands sold at $8@8 50.

CHEESE.—The market was very firm with an active demand. Sales of 5 boxes Western Reserve at 19@20c; do factory at 19@19½c; 75 boxes Goshen at 20@21c, do 25 Hamburg at 19@19½c. Other sales were made at the same range of prices.

APPLES.—If the demand continues to improve. We note sales of 20 bbls at $6@6; 180 do at $6@7; 70 bbls at $7@8 per bbl.

ASHES.—The demand was principally for pearls. We note sales of 4 tons from store at 8¾c.

BACON.—The market remains very firm. Prices have took another step forward. We note sales of shoulders, 15,000 lbs, at 18c. Sides—Sales of 9,000 lbs at 20½c. There was nothing done in other descriptions worthy of notice.

LARD OIL.—Market very firm. Prices have stiffened. Sales of 10 bbls No. 1 at $2 35 ₰ gallon; sales of 15 bbls No. 2 at $1 90.

Pittsburgh Iron Market.

Iron and Nails advanced ¼ cent. per pound on Tuesday, consequent upon a concession to boilers of $2 per ton, and advances in other departments of labor and the price of material.

Cincinnati Iron and Nail Market,

September 19.—Iron—The market for hot-blast Pig is very firm, and the tendency is upward, though no advance has been established. We quote at $45@48 for No. 2, and $50 for No. 1. Cold-blast is held at $60@ advanced. Bar is very little inquiry for it. Bar from hot Horse shoes are very firm at 7¾@7¾c for charcoal.

Nails—The stock is very light, and an advance of 50c per keg is asked, but not established on all kinds during the week, the market closing firm at the advance. We now quote:

10 to 9 d	$6 25@6 40
8 to 9 d	6 50@6 65
6 to 7 d	6 75@6 90
4 to 5 d	7 00@7 15
3 d	7 50@7 65
2 d	8 00@8 40
3 d, fine blued	8 25@8 40
2 d, fine blued	8 50@8 65
Cut Spikes	9 00@9 65
	6 00@6 65

Cincinnati Coal Market.

September 19.—A considerable amount of coal left Pittsburgh for this point, on the recent rise, and a portion of it has arrived during the past three days, and been sold at 26c for Youghiogheny, afloat. Ohio river is selling at 16@17c, afloat. The retail rates are 26c for Ohio river, 26c for Youghiogheny, delivered to consumers.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, September 20.—Flour dull; extra State, $7 50; white double extra, $9 50@10 50; spring, $7 50@8 50. Wheat dull; No. 1 Milwaukee, $1 58@1 61; demand light, with a down ward tendency. Corn firm, but dull; No. 1, 75c; No. 2, 74@75c. Oats nominal at 62c. Barley—State, $1 12½ on track. Rye nominal at 93c. Whisky, $2 24. Pork, $32 50. Lard, 28c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 20.—Petroleum very firm and unchanged. Flour dull; superfine $7 25@7 75. Wheat dull; sales of new red at $2 05@2 08; old do, $2 10@2 20; white, $2 25@2 35. Rye steady; Southern, 98c; Pennsylvania, $1 05. Corn firm; sales of 50,000 bus yellow at 93c. Oats advanced to 80c. Whisky steady.

JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT,

Dealer in STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES, No. 23 Smithfield street, corner of Second street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders from Boat and Coal Men will receive prompt attention. jy26-1y

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Beagher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmick	Brownsville.
Gleaner	Porter	Parkersburg.
Ida Rees	Rees	Oil City.

Departed.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Beagher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmick	Brownsville.
Dictator	Donaldson	New Orleans.
Forest City	Coulton	Parkersburg.
Urilda	Saint	Oil City.

THE MONONGAHELA MARKS.—Last evening at twilight there were nine feet water by the new marks on the pier, and ten feet by the old marks, and falling. The weather continues pleasant, and business on the landing was active.

THE Allegheny river packet Ida Rees leaves this afternoon for Oil City.

THE following Pittsburgh steamers passed Cairo on the 16th: Arundell, Hudson, Osborne. Also, Sipser. The Osborne, making her first trip in the Merchants' and People's Line, brought out nearly a full load, and filled out entirely here.

COAL DEPARTURES.—On Tuesday evening the following tow boats left for Cincinnati and Louisville:—The Coal City, Tom Rees, Lion, Tom Jones, Hyena, Warner, V. F. Wilson and the Star, with about seventy thousand bushels of coal each.

THE new and splendid steamer "Minnie," Captain Shaw, is announced for Cairo and St. Louis. The boat has the best of accommodations and careful and attentive officers.

THE fine passenger steamer Citizen, Captain Armstrong, leaves to-day for St. Paul and the Upper Mississippi. The boat is well found in every respect, Captain Armstrong being an officer who is deservedly popular.

THE fine passenger steamer Camelia, Captain Dean, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville. The boat has superior accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. Our old friend Captain Lytle will do the honors in the office.

SAILOR STEAMBOAT.—The Little Hawk, late formerly owned by Messrs. R. Laughlin, Wm. R. Freeman, N. C. Walker and J. A. Smith, has been sold to Captain Fox, of near Temperanceville, for the sum of $9,000.

THE magnificent steamer "Dictator" took her departure yesterday. She carried out a large number of passengers for Cincinnati and Louisville, many of the Philadelphia firemen, who seemed to enjoy themselves hugely. The trip was a good time generally and then took their departure.

THE fine packet Gleaner, Captain J. H. Porter, leaves this day at 4 o'clock, for Parkersburg and intermediate ports. This boat is a large favorite with passengers and shippers. Observers on the Ohio who have traveled with the Porters on the Gleaner say that she is one of the boats you read about. The attention of our readers is called to the new advertisements in another column.

DEATH OF AN OHIO RIVER MAN.—Captain Lloyd B. Gosh, one of the oldest steamboat men on the Ohio river, died at Cincinnati on Sunday. He was, at the time of his death, aged 74 years. He was born in Virginia. One peculiarity connected of him is in this, when he was pilot of the steamer Heroine he may have been a pilot long before the birth of the present pilots of the steamer on which he now leaves many warm friends to mourn his loss. He leaves a large family of children at Keokuk and his wife having died some years ago. [Louis in his sales.

THE splendid steamer Armenia, Capt. McCallum, is to be the landing receiving the finishing touch by our painters, and when she leaves for Cairo and St. Louis she presents a handsome appearance. She has been painted from stem to stern in fact, she resembles a bran new boat, so much so that she will be taken for such having a good deal of experience. She will lead for St. Louis, in turn after the Leonidas. We take pleasure in recommending her and officers.

THE first class passenger steamer Leonidas, Captain M. A. Cox, is announced for Cairo and St. Paul on Wednesday. The boat has been off her trip this week for thorough and complete repair. She looks like a brand new boat, so handsomely has she been fitted up. Captain Cox is well known as one who understands his business in all its various departments, and when a steamer is announced for his command, she is found at the top of ladder in a word, the Leonidas is a complete boat in all respects. The first clerk is our good friend Frank Foster, so confidentially no effort be made found.

A Card.

We, the undersigned packagers on board the fine Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Parkersburg semi-weekly packet Gleaner, Capt. J. H. Porter (steamer not owned by us), take pleasure in recommending the boat as well as of notifying the traveling public of their gentlemanly department. Accommodations are ample and, in fact, the Gleaner is so provided that she could not be crowded to overflowing with freight and her cabin filled with passengers, who by gentlemanly treatment will find excellent fare, and the rights and privileges of caterers a little spread most beautifully with all the delicacies found in the market. Attention to the inclosed board that obliging attention to the inclosed board that obliging attendance will be forgotten among the many luxuries with which the boat is provided.

S. S. Hamilton, C. Hamilton,
H. P. Marshall, C. M. Beis and Lady,
J. O. Herth, Orchestra,
Lady, John Ingalls,
J. W. Barker, Miss J. M. Clark,
H. H. Rogers, Miss Emma Clark,
W. Moorhead, Gus Lange,
John Bappert, Mrs. E. Mathew,
Frank Bappert, John Mathew,
Charles Morrison, E. N. Schleter
John F. Berry, and thirty-one others.

Cincinnati.

SEPTEMBER 19.—We condense the following from Murphy's commercial:—The river has been on a stand during the past 24 hours. There is 9 feet 6 inches in the channel to Louisville, and 7 feet in the canal. There are 7 feet in the channel and 6 feet 6 inches in the canal at Portsmouth, and 8 feet in the Muskingum from St. Louis to Cairo.

The weather has been cool and cloudy, with high winds, during the past week, the gale parted the lines of the Bostona No. 3 and Anglo Saxon, lying at the Betweenwaters. The latter was driven on the bank of the river, but were soon landed without damage to the boats. It rained pretty hard and steadily during the night of the 17th, and on the 18th we had equinoctial storms, and may soon anticipate cool and pleasant weather. Yesterday at noon the mercury stood at 70 deg. and at 6 P. M. at 66 degrees, while it was blowing forth on Sunday at 90 degrees, at noon of that day.

The Minnesota arrived from Memphis with 920 bales of cotton.

The Golden Eagle left Memphis on Friday with 926 bales of cotton.

The Grand Duke says: On the falls there were fully four and a half feet water down the pass of the Indian chute, and the river is about at a stand.

We have had a fine rain, which has replenished, promising heavy rains at Nashville, with every prospect of a big rise in the river.

The latest report from the Cumberland will be found in our extracts below.

Boats arrived: Jennie Brown, McIlnotte, Nightingale, steamboat; J. R. Gilmore, Montgomery, Minnesota, Lady Franklin.

The Memphis business was more active on the wharf yesterday than it has been for a long time on the opposite bank of the river.

The Bertha, repainted and repaired, dropped down to the wharf yesterday. She will receive a few outfit and leave for St. Louis.

PERSONAL.—The sudden and rapid rise of the river last night before last did considerable damage to freight left upon the wharf.

SUSPENSION BRIDGE.—A third wire was suspended between the piers of the above bridge yesterday.

The Amelia Poe will follow the J. R. Gilmore in the Star Line for Nashville.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, September 14.—The river before the city recedes rapidly, and is now about 10 feet 4 inches below high water mark. The weather is cool and pleasant, and not rising as reported day before yesterday: we said we believe in the volume, and, in the arrival of the Pioneer Era we find that it is for she left Shreveport on the 30, and only found 2½ feet water on the bars. Cotton arriving freely, there are light receipts of sugar and molasses. Sugar is quiet and steady, but molasses is falling fast. She could not get up to Monroe on her last trip. The Red river packet Pioneer Era arrived with 734 bales of cotton from Jefferson; the Dawson Sara packet Monsoon, Capt. S. Hemp, arrived with 230 bales of cotton. Other packets here are Willie Butler, Capt. John W. Tobin, arrived with 50 bales of cotton from Farmer's Landing. The Attakapas packed Ingomar, Capt. Wm. Hughes, had 112 bales of cotton and 53 hhds sugar from St. Martinsville.

Yesterday the following boats left port: The Bayou Lafourche packet Fred, the Bayou Sara packet Bostona, the Opelousas packet Milton Relf. We presume she will be put in the same trade as the Relf.

From the Big Muddy.—The Kansas *Advertiser*, of the 13th, says:—The Big Muddy is getting quite ugly, and sand bars and snags are becoming numerous and quite in the way of navigation. The steamer Twilight encountered a snag about forty miles below this, on Saturday night last, which caused her to sink. She is badly damaged, as is also a good deal of her freight.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Per Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.

H D Owens, 3 bbls scrap iron; S Fowart & Co, 4 half bbls fish; H Rea, Jr, 21 sks seed; J S Lizgerd & Co, 25 sks wheat; W Linhart, 10 bbls flour; Arbuthnott, Shannon & Co, 2 cases dry goods; J Ogden, 1 do; Meek & Armstrong, 119 sks oats, 1 keg butter; H Bldwell, 1 car lumber; Martin, Oliver & Brickell, 3 cars, metal; Reis, Graff & Co, 5 bbls; J & W Fairley, 240 sks oats; J Moorehead, 1 car pig metal; D Wallace, 156 sks wheat, 200 bbls flour; King & Hammond, 1,140 half blooms; B Bishop, 247 sks oats; 10 do barley; Miller & Rickets, 1 do do; 1 do do; 2 doz washboards; J Gardner, 200 bbls flour; E H Myers & Co, 25 doz brooms; H & McClellan, 7 bales broom-corn, 10 doz broom-handles; Park Bros, 6 do do; Bakewell, Pears & Co, 270 pigs lead.

Per Cleveland & Pitts. R. R.

R S Hamon & Co, 674 bush wheat, 1 car do; J B Lyon & Co, 9 casks pearl ash; I. H. Volat & Co, 96 bbls green apples; R T Kennedy & Bro, 1,507 bush wheat; Chas Keifer, 10 dry hides; W A Green, 11 bbls green apples; Wm Bland, 74 bbls apples, 7 do eggs, 1 bx beeswax; Hallman, Behm & Co, 1,141 half blooms; B Bishop, 247 sks oats; Shriver & Lazear, 1 case tobacco, 2 butts do; J E Stevenson, 2 bxs books; R B Townsend, 7 tcs hams; A schaub, 1 hhd tobacco; McCullough, Smith & Co, 4 case tobacco; Hahn & Riddle, 2 cases tobacco; P H McKenna, 4 do; G & J McClung, 1 case do; Jones, Smith & Co, 1 do; T M Myers, 9 bbls oil; G & J Shearer, 8 bbls eggs Stein & Bros, 1 bx dry goods; J Garwish & Co, 10 sks nails; H Gerwig, 10 bbls flour; S H Floyd & Co, 19 bbls oil; Potter, Aiken & Shepard, 28 bbls apples; Godfrey & Clark, 1 bbl sage; Vinton Clark, 28 bbls apples; Cantrell & Hutchinson, 20 do.

Per Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

Kirkpatrick & Bro, 55 boxes window glass; Palmer & Co, 1 car fire clay; S M Wickersham, 1 car pig metal; C B Leech, 60 bbls cement; J S Ellsworth, 4 bbls sugar-house molasses; Markle & Co, 44 bundles paper, 3 sacks rags; J Howell, 6 do, 12 rolls leather; C Zug & Co, 2 cars coal; Moorhead & Co, 5 bbls scrap iron; J Dunlap & Co, 5 do; W F Armstrong, 137 do; W F McClurg, 19 wagons; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 36 coils rope, 1 reels do, 5 pkgs cordage, 30 bales cotton.

Coal Receipts per Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad.

Loyd & Black, 1000 bushels coal; Moorhead & Co, 750 do; J Rutherford, 250 do; C H Armstrong, 2625 do; Wm Moore & Co, 3500 do; Laughlin & Co, 1925 do, 3 cars coke; Mellon & Bro, 1375 bush coal; E Steffens, 190 do, Graff, Bennett & Co, 1 car coke.

Per Allegheny Valley R. R.

F Lynch, 27 sks corn; Moreland & Mitchell, 18 sks corn, 6 do oats; Martin, Oliver & Brickell, 1 car iron.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Monongahela Slackwater Navigation Co.

Wm H Hagan, 37 sks corn; S Cooper, 550 gallon stone ware; Spencer & McKay, 228 sks malt; John Flack, 200 box window glass; Clark & Co, 27 sks wool; J C Gable, 100 box glass; E Metchin, 27 beef hides, 42 sheep skins; E Heazelton, 3 pkgs sundries; J G Calvin, 25 sks oats; J McDonald, 90 bdls straw boards.

TO THE RIVER MEN.

EDWARD HEAZELTON, Jr.,

No. 21 Diamond,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,

AND

PRODUCE MERCHANT.

BOAT STORES,

STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES.

P. S.—Being near the market, I can supply you with all the freshest and choicest of GREEN VEGETABLES on short notice. I intend to give particular attention to the RIVER TRADE, delivering everything promptly. au 9-6m

DRY GOODS.

AT EATON'S, 17 FIFTH STREET,

New Arrivals Daily

—OF—

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS,
EMBROIDERIES and FANCY GOODS,
BONNET, NECK and TRIMMING RIBBONS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
LINEN SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW STYLE STEEL BELT RIBBONS,
FINE SILK BELTING, all colors;
PLAID VELVET RIBBONS,
FULL LINE SCARLET VELVET RIBBONS,
WHITE GOODS,
SWISS MULL, VICTORIA LAWN,
JACONETS, PLAIN and CHECKED NANSOOK,
WHITE PIQUE THREAD and LACE VEILS,
NEW STYLE HAT VEILS,
Fine assortment LADIES' SATCHELS,
RAILROAD BAGS,
FULL LINE FANCY NOTIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

F. H. EATON,

NO. 17 FIFTH ST.

sep20

THREE CASES

English Chintzes,

At 31 cents per yard.

40 Dozen Extra Balmorals,

$2 12½ each.

HEAVY LINEN SHEETING,

50 Cents ₰ Yard,

BLANKETS AND FLANNELS

Very cheap.

HEAVY BLACK SILKS, $1 50 ₰ YARD.

FRENCH REPS, MERINOS, MOHAIRS, all wool.

DELAINES AND DRESS GOODS,

Selling Low,

AT

GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,

92

MARKET STREET.

On hand, the celebrated Swans' Down

COTTON BATTING, FOR COMFORTS.

sep9

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

OFFER

Special Inducements to Buyers,

—IN—

EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS;
WHITE GOODS AND RUFFLINGS;
HAMBURG EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS;
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS;
RIBBONS AND BONNET SILKS;
MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS;
CRAPES, FRAMES, RUCHES;
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS;
FEATHERS AND PLUMES;
FEATHERS AND BIRDS;
HEAD ORNAMENTS AND SETS;
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS;
SILK AND BEAD BUTTONS;
GENTS' AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS;
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS; BALMORAL SKIRTS;
CORSET AND HOOP SKIRTS;
HOSIERY AND GLOVES; YARNS;
WORSTEDS, and a general assortment of

Fancy Goods and Notions.

Their Wholesale rooms will be found well supplied with all the desirable goods in their line. Buying exclusively for cash, we purchase cheap and

**OFFER BARGAIN